

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal year ending June 30, 2022

Orono Public Schools • ISD 278

Orono, Minnesota 55356 oronoschools.org

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 278 ORONO, MINNESOTA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

> Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by Finance Department

Jim Westrum - Executive Director of Business Services

Lauren Syrup, CPA – Director of Finance

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 278

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 23, 2022

To the Citizens of the School District, Board of Education, and Employees of the School District:

INTRODUCTION

We are submitting the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Independent School District No. 278, Orono (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This report fairly presents the District's financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's administration accepts total responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness in presentation.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the independent audit of the District's financial statements, the District is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The District is also required to undergo an annual Minnesota State Legal Compliance Audit under Minnesota Statutes § 6.65. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on not only the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's separately issued "Special Purpose Audit Reports."

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

DISTRICT GOALS

School District Mission

Our students will maximize their potential in life because of their experiences in Orono Schools.

Strategic Goals

- 1. Scholarship Through personalized and rigorous learning, students and staff will apply high levels of interdisciplinary knowledge across all content areas.
- 2. Character Students and staff members will understand and model the core ethical values for a life of integrity.
- 3. Relationships Students and staff will engage in strong academic relationships.

The School Board governs under the guidelines of the Minnesota School Board Association, which provides model policy recommendations and School Board governance training to its members.

The School Board has overall control of the organization. Through its policies, the Superintendent is the School Board's link to operational achievement and conduct, so that all authority and accountability of staff, as far as the School Board is concerned, is considered the authority and accountability of the Superintendent.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The District was incorporated in 1951 and serves a portion of six suburban communities on the western edge of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area, covering 49 square miles with an estimated population of 13,059. The District encompasses all or part of the communities of Independence, Long Lake, Maple Plain, Medina, Minnetonka Beach, and Orono.

For 2021–2022, the District facilities included two elementary schools, one middle school, one senior high school, a community education center, a student center, and a transportation and storage center. The average building age was 37.85 years old.

Enrollment for the 2021–2022 school year was 2,839 pupils in adjusted daily membership, which represents a decrease of 5 students from the prior year. Demographic forecasts project an increase in enrollment for the next several years. Projected enrollments for the near future per an independent demographer hired by the District are:

Fiscal Year	Enrollment
2023	2,909
2024	2,918
2025	2,962

The tax base of the District increased by 4.80 percent during the past year. The market value of all taxable property in the District in fiscal year 2022 was \$4,308,333,100, compared to \$4,111,074,400 in fiscal year 2021.

The net tax capacity of the District for fiscal year 2022 was \$50,086,563, an increase of 4.84 percent over the prior year value of \$47,775,831.

Programs and Services

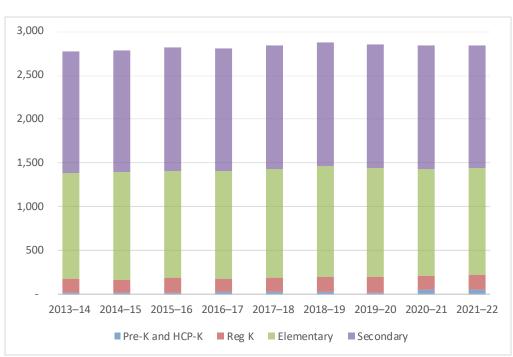
The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels, ranging from pre-Kindergarten through Grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for exceptional children, and career/vocational education. Food service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The District's community education program includes early childhood family education and adult basic education programs, and a myriad of classes for lifelong learning experiences for children and adults.

Enrollment

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining funding levels. Approximately 67 percent of the General Fund revenue is enrollment driven. During fiscal year 2022, enrollment decreased by 5 average daily memberships to 2,839. The decrease can continue to be attributed to the coronavirus pandemic in the resident population within the District.

	2013–14	2014–15	2015–16	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19	2019–20	2020–21	2021–22
Pre-K and HCP-K	13	18	23	25	24	24	22	47	47
Reg K	162	151	171	151	169	177	173	167	171
Elementary	1,205	1,224	1,219	1,235	1,233	1,263	1,251	1,216	1,219
Secondary	1,395	1,387	1,402	1,400	1,415	1,413	1,413	1,414	1,402
Total Students	2,775	2,780	2,815	2,811	2,841	2,877	2,859	2,844	2,839
Percent Change	0.47%	0.18%	1.26%	-0.14%	1.07%	1.27%	-0.63%	-0.52%	-0.18%

Student Enrollment (Average Daily Membership)



Student Enrollment (Average Daily Membership)

The continued stability of grade cohorts in the last five years led to relatively stable enrollments since fiscal year 2017. The stable enrollment numbers presented above offer both financial and strategic challenges and opportunities for the District.

FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from theft, misuse, or losses and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and Minnesota Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In addition, the District has also adopted the following policies to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School Board:

- **Fund Balance Policy** Requires the District to maintain an operating fund balance of 5 percent of the expenditure budget.
- **Budget Policy** Establishes a guideline for allocation of district resources.
- **Personnel Staffing Guidelines** Personnel costs represent close to 77 percent of General Fund expenditures. These guidelines, which set the staffing allocation for every allocated position in the District, are updated each February by the administration and the School Board.

The District's budget process is based, first, on development of a budget projection model that attempts to project resources and expenses over a multiple year period. The budget projection is used by the School Board and the administration to determine budget parameters and staffing guidelines. Second, the budget adopted in June is based upon the personnel staffing guidelines approved by the School Board and preparation of the nonpersonnel budget by school and department administrators, in accordance with School Board-approved budget parameters. The School Board resolution adopting the budget in June also includes a provision directing the administration to update the budget in October. This final budget reflects the District's actual enrollment count on October 1, the actual staff hired, and other dynamics such as employee contract settlements.

The level of budgetary control is at the fund level. However, in the General Fund; operating, special education, pupil transportation, capital expenditure, and quality compensation are maintained as separate internal accounts for budgeting purposes. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, outstanding encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Coronavirus (COVID-19)

The District received and continues to receive funding from federal and state governments to mitigate effects of COVID-19 on our enrollment and delivery of instruction and services.

Debt Issuance

The District issued \$1,440,000 in long-term facility maintenance bonds, in addition to other levies to address indoor air quality (IAQ) issues in our Discovery Center.

Projects

The District is completing a \$2.5 million project for the Discovery Center to address IAQ issues.

CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE

This ACFR has been prepared following the guidelines provided by the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International for its Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Program. Achieving recognition by this program provides a clear indication of the District's high standards for financial reporting. The District intends to submit this ACFR to the ASBO International Certificate Program for consideration. The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award for the past five fiscal years.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to acknowledge the efforts of the entire Business Office staff in providing complete and accurate data for this ACFR.

Sincerely,

Dr. Kristine Flesher Superintendent

Rachelma

Jim Westrum Executive Director of Business Services

Rachel McQuiston, CPA Controller

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		Director of Communications					
		Principals	Associate Principals				
endent		Director of Community Education	Operations Manager	Early Learning Program Coordinator	Youth & Sports Program Coordinator	School-age Childcare Coordinator	Aquatics & Adult Enrichment Coordinator
Orono Schools Superintendent		Director of Special Services	Special Services Coordinator				
Orono S		Executive Director of Business Services	Director of Finance	Coordinator of Child Nutrition	Coordinator of Facilities & Safety		
		Executive Director of Learning & Accountability	Technology Coordinator				
		Executive Director of Human Resources	Human Resources Generalist			CPONONO CPONO CP	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 278

School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2022

SCHOOL BOARD

Position

Robert Tunheim Martha Van de Ven Michael Bash Laura Wallander Sarah Borchers Alicia Howe Board Chair Vice Chair Treasurer Clerk Director Director

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Kristi Flesher Jim Westrum Superintendent Executive Director of Business Services



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Independent School District 278 -Orono Public Schools

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.

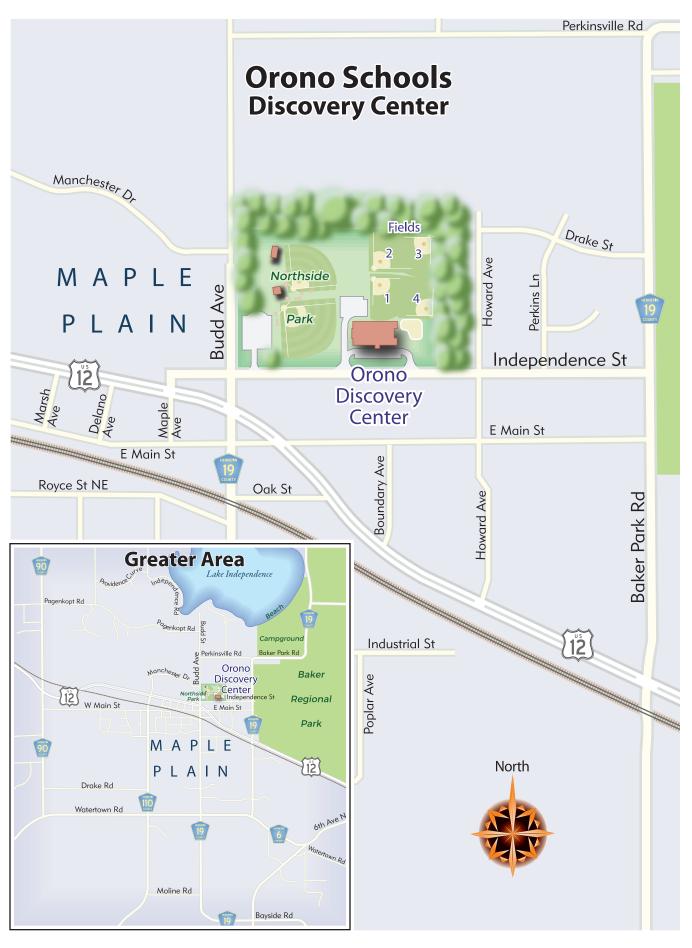


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William A. Sutter President

David J. Lewis Executive Director





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FINANCIAL SECTION



PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 278 Orono, Minnesota

OPINIONS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Independent School District No. 278 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BASIS FOR OPINIONS

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, in 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

(continued)

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2021 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated October 27, 2021. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 23, 2022

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 278

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of Independent School District No. 278's (the District) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents management's narrative overview and analysis of its financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's ACFR.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2022 by \$14,491,081 (net position deficit). The District's total net position increased by \$2,366,802 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$53,700,727 and were \$2,366,802 more than expenses of \$51,333,925.
- The General Fund's total fund balances (under the governmental fund presentation) decreased \$3,116,287 from the prior year to a year-end balance of \$4,895,371, compared to a decrease of \$2,483,914 projected in the final budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the ACFR consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's discussion and analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplemental information, consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, except for the fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aid and property taxes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service, Community Service Special Revenue, and Capital Projects – Building Construction) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "nonmajor" funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the supplemental information section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service funds to account for its self-insured dental and medical benefits activities. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets held for others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1Summary Statement of Net Positionas of June 30, 2022 and 2021							
	2022	2021					
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 34,219,181	\$ 31,920,722					
Capital assets, net of depreciation	76,120,462	78,230,650					
Total assets	\$ 110,339,643	\$ 110,151,372					
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension plan deferments	\$ 11,662,554	\$ 12,614,328					
OPEB plan deferments	400,198	272,141					
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,062,752	\$ 12,886,469					
Liabilities							
Current and other liabilities	\$ 5,483,063	\$ 3,455,185					
Long-term liabilities, including due within one year	83,873,560	98,842,134					
Total liabilities	\$ 89,356,623	\$ 102,297,319					
Deferred inflows of resources							
Lease revenue for subsequent years	\$ 120,012	\$ –					
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	18,900,948	17,862,612					
Pension plan deferments	27,741,935	19,253,036					
OPEB plan deferments	773,958	482,757					
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 47,536,853	\$ 37,598,405					
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,858,664	\$ 14,642,963					
Restricted	4,180,193	3,592,808					
Unrestricted	(35,529,938)	(35,093,654)					
Total net position	\$ (14,491,081)	\$ (16,857,883)					

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates and capitalization policies may produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. Another major factor in determining net position as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, pension, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impact unrestricted net position.

Total net position increased by \$2,366,802 in the current year. Changes in the District's share of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) state-wide pension plans contributed to the differences in deferred outflows and inflows of resources, long-term liabilities, and unrestricted net position. The increase in net investment in capital assets was primarily due to asset additions not financed through additional debt.

Table 2Change in Net Positionfor the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021							
	2022		2021				
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 4,170,892	2 \$	3,078,545				
Operating grants and contributions	8,182,37)	7,174,251				
Capital grants and contributions		-	281,000				
General revenues							
Property taxes	18,986,32)	18,831,741				
General grants and aids	21,443,63)	22,038,701				
Other	917,50	5	581,574				
Total revenues	53,700,72	7	51,985,812				
Expenses							
Administration	1,287,34	3	1,275,496				
District support services	1,642,43	3	1,852,492				
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	22,274,26	Ð	24,069,192				
Vocational education instruction	315,59	7	331,595				
Special education instruction	5,207,58	2	5,527,089				
Instructional support services	3,110,81)	3,382,107				
Pupil support services	3,252,262	2	3,019,411				
Sites and buildings	7,211,17	1	7,549,377				
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	310,842	2	261,386				
Food service	1,969,449	Ð	1,451,151				
Community service	3,081,87	1	2,631,274				
Interest and fiscal charges	1,670,28	5	1,768,372				
Total expenses	51,333,92	5	53,118,942				
Change in net position	2,366,802	2	(1,133,130)				
Net position – beginning	(16,857,88	3)	(15,724,753)				
Net position – ending	\$ (14,491,08	1) \$	(16,857,883)				

Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Change in Net Position of the District:

The table summarizes all of the governmental activities of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are allocated between those directly related to specific programs and those that are general revenues. Depreciation expense is included in the program expenses, but capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal are excluded.

Governmental activities revenues increased \$1,714,915 (3.3 percent) from the previous year, mainly due to increases in revenues from charges for services and operating grants and contributions generated by increased program participation, due to the easing of COVID-19 restrictions.

Governmental activities expenses were \$1,785,017 (3.4 percent) lower than last year. Changes in the pension expense reported by the District for its proportionate shares of the PERA and TRA state-wide pension plans contributed to this decrease.

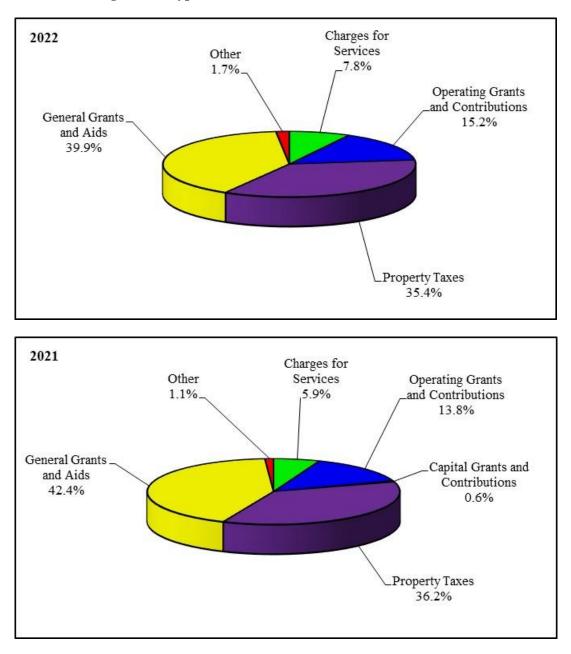


Figure A – Types of Revenue for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021

The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the general education aid formula and most of the operating grants.

Property taxes are generally the next largest source of funding. The level of funding property tax sources provide is not only dependent on taxpayers of the District by way of operating and building referenda, but also on legislative decisions impacting the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

Revenues from charges for services and operating grants and contributions both increased compared to the prior year. Increased program participation from a return to in-person learning resulted in increased revenues from student activity fees, event admissions, food service program sales and federal reimbursements, and community education program fees and tuition.

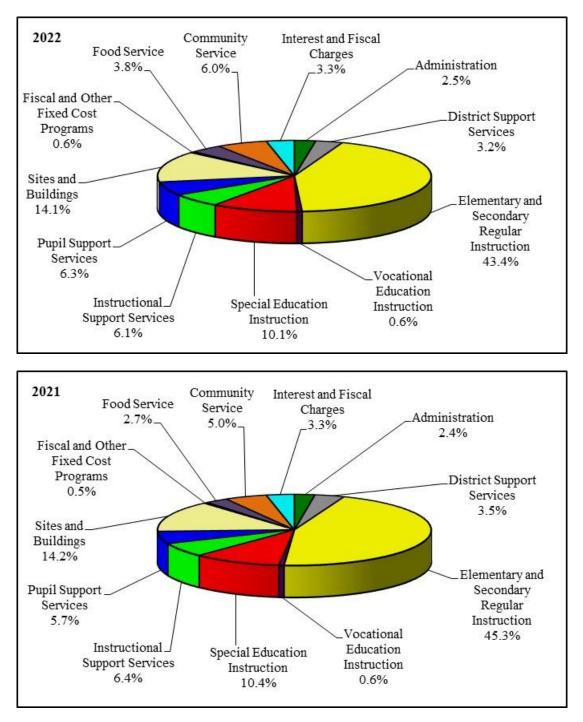


Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021

The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. The majority of the District's expenses were in categories directly related to providing instruction, which includes: elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances in each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3Governmental Fund Balancesas of June 30, 2022 and 2021								
		2022		2021		Change		
Major funds								
General	\$	4,895,371	\$	8,011,658	\$	(3,116,287)		
Debt Service		1,131,221		852,313		278,908		
Nonmajor funds								
Food Service Special Revenue		923,567		450,413		473,154		
Community Service Special Revenue		789,726		494,157		295,569		
Capital Projects – Building Construction		901,520				901,520		
Total governmental funds	\$	8,641,405	\$	9,808,541	\$	(1,167,136)		

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance, which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,641,405, a decrease of \$1,167,136 in comparison with the prior year. Unassigned fund balance at year-end was \$1,748,696, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either: 1) nonspendable (not in spendable form) – \$267,391, 2) externally restricted for particular purposes – \$5,829,277, or 3) internally assigned for particular purposes – \$796,041.

Analysis of the General Fund

Table 4 General Fund Budget									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Percent Change					
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 41,483,252	\$ 40,958,379	\$ (524,873)	(1.3%)					
Expenditures	\$ 41,954,609	\$ 43,442,293	\$ 1,487,684	3.5%					

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District may change the budget for known significant changes in circumstances, such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislative changes, changes in funding received from grants or other local sources, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, health insurance premium increases, or special education tuition changes.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results							
	2022 Actual	Over (U Final B Amount		Over (Under) Amount	Prior Year Percent		
Revenue and other financing sources	\$41,366,546	\$ 408,167	1.0 %	\$ (545,496)	(1.3) %		
Expenditures	44,482,833	\$ 1,040,540	2.4 %	\$ 1,017,880	2.3 %		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,116,287)						

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$3,116,287 as the result of current year operations, compared to a decrease of \$2,483,914 approved in the final budget.

Total General Fund revenue and other financing sources for the year were \$41,366,546, which was \$408,167 (1.0 percent) over budget. Revenue from property taxes was over budget by \$173,888, mainly due to higher than anticipated county apportionment of penalties and interest to the District, which resulted in an offsetting decrease in state general education aid. Revenue from federal sources exceeded budget by \$343,671, primarily related to new COVID-19 federal awards.

General Fund revenue and other financing sources were \$545,496 lower than the prior year in total, mainly due to the proceeds from a \$936,984 financed purchase of LED lighting upgrades. Increases in the basic general education funding formula and participation in activities, contributed to higher current year revenues from state and other local sources. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in revenue from federal sources, which resulted from the District utilizing less COVID-19-related federal awards than last year.

Total General Fund expenditures were \$44,482,833 for the year, which was \$1,040,540 (2.4 percent) over budget, and \$1,017,880 (2.3 percent) higher than the previous year. The majority of the variance and the increase was due to increased personnel costs and purchased services for elementary and secondary regular instruction programs.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

Analysis of the Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$278,908, increasing fund balance to \$1,131,221 at year-end. The activity in this fund is largely controlled by the financing plan approved with the issuance of each individual debt obligation. Of the year-end fund balance, \$72,909 is restricted for OPEB bond debt service, and \$1,058,312 is restricted for general debt service.

Analysis of Other Governmental Funds

The District's final budget for the Food Service Special Revenue Fund projected a fund balance increase of \$56,669 for fiscal 2022, compared to an actual increase of \$473,154. Revenues and expenditures both increased significantly from the prior year, due to changes in learning models and the child nutrition program the District operated in the current year. Revenues were over budget by \$771,495, mainly in federal revenue as the District operated under a child nutrition program that provided free federally-funded meals to students. Expenditures were over budget by \$355,010, mainly in supplies (including food costs) and materials, due to the increase in meals served.

The District's final budget for the Community Service Special Revenue Fund projected a fund balance increase of \$88,479 in fiscal 2022, while actual fund balance increased by \$295,569. Revenues and expenditures both increased from the previous year, with higher program participation as previously discussed. Revenues were over budget by \$234,676, mainly in federal sources and program fees and tuition. Expenditures were over budget by \$27,586.

The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$901,520 in fiscal 2022, compared to a planned fund balance increase of \$1,456,760. The increase in equity resulted from the District issuing facilities maintenance bonds with a par value of \$1,440,000 during the year, for which the related maintenance projects were on-going at year-end.

Analysis of Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds used to account for its self-insured dental and medical insurance functions.

Operating revenues (charges assessed to the governmental funds) for the internal service funds for fiscal 2022 totaled \$4,862,238. This is an increase from the fiscal year 2021 operating revenue level of \$4,687,399, due to the premium rates on the self-insured medical plan increasing approximately 2.0 percent from the prior year. Operating expenses totaled \$4,598,115, which represents an increase from the fiscal year 2021 operating expenditures of \$4,131,044, due to an increase in claims.

The net position balance for all internal service funds as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,725,292, an increase of \$264,909 from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

		ble 6 al Assets		
		2022	 2021	 Change
Land	\$	602,074	\$ 602,074	\$ _
Construction in progress		730,546	2,642,708	(1,912,162)
Land improvements		11,282,706	9,154,095	2,128,611
Buildings	1	07,405,553	105,913,111	1,492,442
Furniture and equipment		5,785,746	5,680,945	104,801
Less accumulated depreciation	(4	49,686,163)	 (45,762,283)	 (3,923,880)
Total	\$	76,120,462	\$ 78,230,650	\$ (2,110,188)
Depreciation expense	\$	4,006,909	\$ 3,924,642	\$ 82,267

Most of the activity in capital assets related to the completion of projects started in previous years and the facilities maintenance projects started at the end of the school year.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 shows the components of the District's long-term liabilities and the change from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities							
	2022	2021	Change				
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 55,565,000	\$ 58,415,000	\$ (2,850,000)				
Premium (discount) on bonds	3,491,243	3,843,951	(352,708)				
Financed purchases payable	3,291,724	3,798,736	(507,012)				
Net pension liabilities	17,947,580	28,728,794	(10,781,214)				
Net OPEB liability	2,418,980	2,456,308	(37,328)				
Severance payable	1,159,033	1,599,345	(440,312)				
Total	\$ 83,873,560	\$ 98,842,134	\$ (14,968,574)				

The overall decrease in long-term liabilities was due to scheduled principal payments and the decreases in long-term employee pension, OPEB, and severance obligations.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8).

Table 8 Limitations on	Debt
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 4,308,333,100 15.0%
Legal debt limit	\$ 646,249,965

Additional details of the District's capital assets and long-term debt activity can be found in Notes 4 and 5 to basic financial statements, respectively.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$135, or 2.00 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2023.

The amount of funding a district receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the District's financial well-being.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This ACFR is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 278, 685 Old Crystal Bay Road North, Long Lake, Minnesota 55356.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	Governmental Activities			ivities
		2022		2021
Assets	\$	20,904,855	\$	17 946 527
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	3	20,904,833	¢	17,846,527
		0 720 048		0 442 270
Current taxes		9,729,948		9,443,270
Delinquent taxes		262,568		434,444
Accounts and interest		25,358		79,800
Due from other governmental units		2,662,412		3,163,125
Due from Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund		246,637		310,904
Lease		120,012		-
Inventory		128,973		97,717
Prepaid items		138,418		544,935
Capital assets				
Not depreciated		1,332,620		3,244,782
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		74,787,842		74,985,868
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		76,120,462		78,230,650
Total assets		110,339,643		110,151,372
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension plan deferments		11,662,554		12,614,328
OPEB plan deferments		400,198		272,141
Total deferred outflows of resources		12,062,752		12,886,469
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	122,402,395	\$	123,037,841
Liabilities				
Salaries payable	\$	1,137,761	\$	1,082,053
Accounts and contracts payable		2,226,117		924,728
Accrued interest payable		846,940		901,462
Due to other governmental units		163,902		68,696
Unearned revenue		1,108,343		478,246
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year		5,155,763		5,170,842
Due in more than one year		78,717,797		93,671,292
Total long-term liabilities		83,873,560		98,842,134
Total liabilities		89,356,623		102,297,319
		0,000,000		102,237,013
Deferred inflows of resources Lease revenue for subsequent years		120,012		_
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		18,900,948		17,862,612
Pension plan deferments		27,741,935		19,253,036
OPEB plan deferments Total deferred inflows of resources		773,958		482,757
Total deferred inflows of resources		47,536,853		37,598,405
Net position		16 959 664		14 642 062
Net investment in capital assets		16,858,664		14,642,963
Restricted for				
Capital asset acquisition		1,207,490		1,697,167
Debt service		351,080		27,216
Food service		923,567		450,413
Community service		792,869		497,775
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)		905,187		920,237
Unrestricted		(35,529,938)		(35,093,654)
Total net position		(14,491,081)		(16,857,883)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	122,402,395	\$	123,037,841

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2	022		2021
				Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
				Revenue and	Revenue and
		Drogram	Davanuas	Changes in Not Position	Changes in Not Position
		Plogram	Revenues Operating	Net Position	Net Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activities Administration	\$ 1.287.348	\$ –	\$ 22,663	¢ (1.264.695)	¢ (1.250.277)
	\$ 1,287,348 1,642,438	ф —	\$ 22,005	\$ (1,264,685)	\$ (1,250,277)
District support services	1,042,458	—	—	(1,642,438)	(1,852,492)
Elementary and secondary	22 274 260	492 574	1 0 4 9 7 5 5	(20.741.040)	(00 074 001)
regular instruction	22,274,269	483,574	1,048,755	(20,741,940)	(22,374,331)
Vocational education	215 507			(215, 507)	(221 505)
instruction	315,597	-	2 099 056	(315,597)	(331,595)
Special education instruction	5,207,582	21 100	3,988,056	(1,219,526)	(1,769,818)
Instructional support services	3,110,810	31,100	427,441	(2,652,269)	(3,338,919)
Pupil support services	3,252,262	-	255,989	(2,996,273)	(2,894,279)
Sites and buildings	7,211,171	271,469	249,310	(6,690,392)	(6,628,638)
Fiscal and other fixed cost	210.042			(210.042)	
programs	310,842	-	-	(310,842)	(261,386)
Food service	1,969,449	580,397	1,866,131	477,079	175,471
Community service	3,081,871	2,804,352	324,025	46,506	(290,510)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,670,286			(1,670,286)	(1,768,372)
Total governmental activities	\$ 51,333,925	\$ 4,170,892	\$ 8,182,370	(38,980,663)	(42,585,146)
	General revenue				
	Taxes				
	Property tax	es, levied for gen	eral purposes	12,082,028	12,176,370
	· ·	es, levied for con	· ·	308,878	301,550
		es, levied for deb		6,595,414	6,353,821
	General grants			21,443,639	22,038,701
	Other general			910,386	542,903
	Investment ear			7,120	38,671
		neral revenue		41,347,465	41,452,016
	Change	in net position		2,366,802	(1,133,130)
	Net position – be	eginning		(16,857,883)	(15,724,753)
	Net position – er	dina		\$(14,491,081)	\$ (16,857,883)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	Debt								
	G	eneral Fund	Se	ervice Fund	Nor	nmajor Funds			
Assets	¢	0.744.620	¢	4 40 6 200	¢	2 000 107			
Cash and temporary investments	\$	9,744,629	\$	4,486,298	\$	3,899,187			
Receivables									
Current taxes		6,347,113		3,226,394		156,441			
Delinquent taxes		167,588		90,708		4,272			
Accounts and interest		11,387		_		4,664			
Due from other governmental units		2,623,275		3,275		35,862			
Due from other funds		246,637		—		—			
Lease		—		—		120,012			
Inventory		105,060		_		23,913			
Prepaid items		133,248				5,170			
Total assets	\$	19,378,937	\$	7,806,675	\$	4,249,521			
Liabilities									
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	1,042,907	\$	_	\$	94,854			
Accounts and contracts payable		980,562		_		582,251			
Due to other governmental units		163,902		_		_			
Unearned revenue		198,883		_		514,008			
Total liabilities		2,386,254		_		1,191,113			
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		125,459		66,799		3,143			
Lease revenue for subsequent years				_		120,012			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		11,971,853		6,608,655		320,440			
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,097,312		6,675,454		443,595			
Fund balances									
Nonspendable		238,308		_		29,083			
Restricted		2,112,326		1,131,221		2,585,730			
Assigned		796,041		1,131,221		2,303,730			
Unassigned		1,748,696		—		—			
Total fund balances		4,895,371		1,131,221		2,614,813			
Total fund balances		4,893,371		1,151,221		2,014,815			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	ф.	10.250.025	¢		¢	4 0 40 501			
of resources, and fund balances	\$	19,378,937	\$	7,806,675	\$	4,249,521			

Total Governmental Funds					
	2022		2021		
\$	18,130,114	\$	15,558,107		
	9,729,948		9,443,270		
	262,568		434,444		
	16,051		68,990		
	2,662,412		3,163,125		
	246,637		310,904		
	120,012		_		
	128,973		97,717		
	138,418	·	544,935		
\$	31,435,133	\$	29,621,492		
\$	1,137,761	\$	1,082,053		
	1,562,813		469,260		
	163,902		68,696		
	712,891		94,867		
	3,577,367		1,714,876		
	195,401		235,463		
	120,012		_		
	18,900,948		17,862,612		
	19,216,361		18,098,075		
	267,391		642,652		
	5,829,277		4,374,978		
	796,041		1,280,879		
	1,748,696		3,510,032		
	8,641,405		9,808,541		
\$	31,435,133	\$	29,621,492		

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	2022	2021
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 8,641,405	\$ 9,808,541
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	125,806,625	123,992,933
Accumulated depreciation	(49,686,163)	(45,762,283)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable. Debt issuance premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.		
General obligation bonds payable	(55,565,000)	(58,415,000)
(Premium) discount on bonds	(3,491,243)	(3,843,951)
Financed purchases payable	(3,291,724)	(3,798,736)
Net pension liabilities	(17,947,580)	(28,728,794)
Net OPEB liability	(2,418,980)	(2,456,308)
Severance payable	(1,159,033)	(1,599,345)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is		
excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(846,940)	(901,462)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,725,292	1,460,383
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	11,662,554	12,614,328
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	400,198	272,141
Deferred inflows of resources – delinquent property taxes	195,401	235,463
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(27,741,935)	(19,253,036)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(773,958)	(482,757)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ (14,491,081)	\$ (16,857,883)

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	G			Debt ervice Fund	Non	major Funds
D						
Revenue Local sources						
	\$	12 112 040	\$	6,604,980	¢	309,353
Property taxes	φ	12,112,049 4,177	¢		\$	309,333 964
Investment earnings Other		4,177 1,696,029		1,193		964 3,384,749
State sources		26,131,931		32,761		247,996
				52,701		
Federal sources Total revenue		1,421,860 41,366,046		6,638,934		1,942,160 5,885,222
Total levelue		41,300,040		0,038,934		3,003,222
Expenditures						
Current						
Administration		1,341,917		_		_
District support services		1,680,112		_		_
Elementary and secondary						
regular instruction		22,063,752		_		_
Vocational education instruction		330,820		_		_
Special education instruction		5,439,144		_		_
Instructional support services		3,207,638		_		_
Pupil support services		3,299,446		_		_
Sites and buildings		6,202,945		_		_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		310,842		_		_
Food service		_		_		1,937,695
Community service		_		_		3,138,045
Capital outlay		_		_		670,954
Debt service						
Principal		507,012		4,290,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		99,205		2,072,821		53,993
Total expenditures		44,482,833		6,362,821		5,800,687
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures		(3,116,787)		276,113		84,535
over experiences		(3,110,787)		270,115		04,555
Other financing sources		_		_		_
Financed purchase		_		2,795		1,437,205
Debt issued		_		_		148,503
Premium on debt issued		500		_		_
Insurance recovery		500		2,795		1,585,708
Total other financing sources						
		(3,116,287)		278,908		1,670,243
Net change in fund balances						
Fund balances		8,011,658		852,313		944,570
Beginning of year		0,011,000		002,010		2.1,070
	\$	4,895,371	\$	1,131,221	\$	2,614,813
End of year						

See notes to basic financial statements

Total Go	overnmental Funds
2022	2021
\$ 19,026,38	\$ 18,836,566
6,33	. , ,
5,080,77	
26,412,68	
3,364,02	
53,890,20	51,649,503
1,341,91	7 1,413,349
1,680,11	
1,000,11	2 1,041,090
22,063,75	20,868,620
330,82	309,948
5,439,14	
3,207,63	
3,299,44	
6,202,94	
310,84	
· · · · ·	,
1,937,69	
3,138,04	
670,95	388,788
4,797,01	2 4,662,490
2,226,01	
56,646,34	
50,040,54	54,207,054
(2,756,13	(2,560,151)
	- 936,984
1,440,00	- 00
148,50	
50	
1,589,00	936,984
(1,167,13	(1,623,167)
0.000 = 4	1 11 421 700
9,808,54	11,431,708
\$ 8,641,40	9,808,541
-,-,-,-	

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	 2022	 2021
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (1,167,136)	\$ (1,623,167)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays and contributions are recorded as net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase and capital contributions are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		
Capital outlays	1,896,721	1,598,963
Capital contributions	_	281,000
Depreciation expense	(4,006,909)	(3,924,642)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net position. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.	_	(8,259)
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing, but constitutes a long-term liability in the governmental activities.		
Bonds issued	(1,440,000)	_
Financed purchases	-	(936,984)
Repayment of long-term liabilities does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund balances.		
General obligation bonds payable	4,290,000	4,130,000
Financed purchases payable	507,012	532,490
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Claims and judgements payable	-	96,000
Net pension liabilities	10,781,214	(4,538,035)
Net OPEB liability	37,328	59,887
Severance payable	440,312	(263,756)
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	352,708	490,604
	352,700	190,001
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	54,522	42,997
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	264,909	560,405
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(951,774)	(6,386,124)
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	128,057	(425)
Deferred inflows of resources - delinquent property taxes	(40,062)	(4,825)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(8,488,899)	9,138,326
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	 (291,201)	 (377,585)
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 2,366,802	\$ (1,133,130)

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Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Over (Under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 11,938,161	\$ 11,938,161	\$ 12,112,049	\$ 173,888
Investment earnings	100,000	100,000	4,177	(95,823)
Other	1,759,950	1,759,950	1,696,029	(63,921)
State sources	26,606,952	26,082,079	26,131,931	49,852
Federal sources	1,078,189	1,078,189	1,421,860	343,671
Total revenue	41,483,252	40,958,379	41,366,046	407,667
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,332,866	1,372,850	1,341,917	(30,933)
District support services	1,935,806	1,923,230	1,680,112	(243,118)
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	20,424,839	21,024,175	22,063,752	1,039,577
Vocational education instruction	312,715	323,600	330,820	7,220
Special education instruction	5,278,240	5,813,450	5,439,144	(374,306)
Instructional support services	2,870,688	3,014,984	3,207,638	192,654
Pupil support services	3,132,165	3,228,620	3,299,446	70,826
Sites and buildings	6,057,065	6,131,159	6,202,945	71,786
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	260,000	260,000	310,842	50,842
Debt service				
Principal	275,562	275,562	507,012	231,450
Interest and fiscal charges	74,663	74,663	99,205	24,542
Total expenditures	41,954,609	43,442,293	44,482,833	1,040,540
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(471,357)	(2,483,914)	(3,116,787)	(632,873)
Other financing sources				
Insurance recovery			500	500
Net change in fund balances	\$ (471,357)	\$ (2,483,914)	(3,116,287)	\$ (632,373)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year			8,011,658	
End of year			\$ 4,895,371	

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	2022			2021		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,774,741	\$	2,288,420		
Receivables						
Accounts and interest		9,307		10,810		
Total current assets		2,784,048		2,299,230		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable		663,304		455,468		
Unearned revenue		395,452		383,379		
Total current liabilities		1,058,756		838,847		
Net position						
Unrestricted	\$	1,725,292	\$	1,460,383		

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022			2021
Operating revenue				
Charges for services				
Assessed to governmental funds	\$	4,862,238	\$	4,687,399
Operating expenses				
Dental benefit claims		291,244		264,781
Medical benefit claims		4,306,871		3,866,263
Total operating expenses		4,598,115		4,131,044
Operating income		264,123		556,355
Nonoperating revenue				
Investment earnings		786		4,050
Change in net position		264,909		560,405
Net position				
Beginning of year		1,460,383		899,978
End of year	\$	1,725,292	\$	1,460,383

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Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022			2021		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Received from assessments made to governmental funds	\$	4,875,814	\$	4,703,379		
Payments for dental claims		(290,666)		(274,077)		
Payments for medical claims		(4,099,613)		(4,015,942)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		485,535		413,360		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest on investments		786		4,050		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		486,321		417,410		
Cash and cash equivalents						
Beginning of year		2,288,420		1,871,010		
End of year	\$	2,774,741	\$	2,288,420		
Reconciliation of operating income to net						
cash flows from operating activities						
Operating income	\$	264,123	\$	556,355		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash flows from operating activities						
Accounts and interest receivable		1,503		(2,430)		
Accounts and contracts payable		207,836		(158,975)		
Unearned revenue		12,073		18,410		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	485,535	\$	413,360		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund as of June 30, 2022

	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund				
Assets					
Cash and investments held by trustee					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 777,000				
Investments at fair value					
U.S. treasury securities	833,953				
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	262,125				
State and local general obligations	1,807,531				
Accounts and interest receivable	19,304				
Total assets	3,699,913				
Liabilities					
Due to governmental funds	246,637				
Net position					
Restricted for OPEB	\$ 3,453,276				

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund				
Additions					
Investment earnings (charges)	\$	(98,682)			
Deductions					
Benefits		246,637			
Change in net position		(345,319)			
Net position					
Beginning of year		3,798,595			
End of year	\$	3,453,276			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 278 (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws. The District is governed by a School Board elected by voters of the District to serve four-year terms. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. **Revenue Recognition** Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Debt proceeds or acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers (other district funds) for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established (or allowed) by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The District maintains two internal accounts within the General Fund. The Operating Account is used to account for the general operations of the District. The Capital Expenditure Account is used to account for the maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, and pay-as-you-go long-term facilities maintenance projects.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District maintains a separate Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Debt Service Account within the Debt Service Fund to account for OPEB-related debt activity. All other debt service is reported in the Regular Debt Service Account.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, generally authorized by bond issue.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds are used to account for and finance the self-insured risk of loss of the District's employee dental and medical healthcare plans.

Fiduciary Fund

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to administer assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment insurance benefits for eligible employees.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, Community Service Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund by \$1,040,540, \$355,010, \$27,586, and \$552,539, respectively. Revenues and other financing sources in excess of budget, along with available fund balances, funded these variances.

G. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Earnings from the investments of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund and all trust funds are allocated specifically to those funds.

Cash and investments held by trustee includes balances held in segregated accounts established for specific purposes. In the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, this represents assets contributed to an irrevocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the respective escrow account.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The Proprietary Fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less may also be reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

H. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are lease and property taxes receivable.

At year-end, the District reported the following receivables due from other governmental units:

Due from the MDE Due from other Minnesota school districts	\$ 2,403,829 22,667
Due from other governmental units	 235,916
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 2,662,412

I. Inventory

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, fuel, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Purchased food, supplies, and fuel are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

J. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

K. Property Taxes

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$1,029,001 of the property tax levy collectible in 2022 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2021–2022. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2022 is recorded as deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more that benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The District does not possess material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary, ranging from 10 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 25 years for furniture and equipment. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period as other financing sources or uses, respectively. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

N. Employee Benefits

- 1. Compensated Absences Under the terms of certain collectively bargained contracts, eligible employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates. Vacation and sick pay are accrued in the governmental funds to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end. Because teachers are not eligible for vacation pay and amounts accrued to other employees are insignificant, no liability for unused vacation is recorded in the financial statements. Some employee bargaining groups are eligible to be compensated for unused sick leave upon termination subject to certain conditions. Convertible sick leave is recorded as a liability (severance payable) in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future.
- 2. Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits The District provides post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employee groups in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. See the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan note for further information.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

3. State-Wide Pension Plans – District employees participate in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA), to which the District contributes. See the Defined Benefit Pension Plans – State-Wide note for further information.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERA and the TRA and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

O. Risk Management

- 1. General Insurance The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.
- 2. Self-Insurance The District has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its self-insured risk of loss for respective employee dental and medical health insurance plans. Under these plans, the internal service funds provide coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various dental and healthcare costs as described in the plans.

The District makes premium payments that include both employer and employee contributions to the internal service funds on behalf of program participants based on rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

	Current YearBeginning of FiscalClaims and Changes inYear LiabilityEstimatesClaim Payments						alance at l Year-End
\$ \$	26,261	\$ \$	264,781	\$ \$	274,077	\$ \$	16,965 17,543
		Fiscal Year Liability \$ 26,261	Beginning of FiscalC CYear LiabilityE\$26,261	Beginning of FiscalClaims and Changes in EstimatesYear LiabilityEstimates\$ 26,261\$ 264,781	Beginning of FiscalClaims and Changes in EstimatesYear LiabilityEstimates\$ 26,261\$ 264,781	Beginning of FiscalClaims and Changes in EstimatesYear LiabilityEstimates	Beginning of FiscalClaims and Changes in EstimatesBaYear LiabilityEstimatesClaim Payments\$ 26,261\$ 264,781\$ 274,077

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

Changes in the balance of medical claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Beginning of Claims and Claims and Fiscal Year Fiscal Changes in		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		im Payments	alance at al Year-End	
June 30, 2021	\$	588,182	\$	3,866,263	\$	4,015,942	\$ 438,503
June 30, 2022	\$	438,503	\$	4,306,871	\$	4,099,613	\$ 645,761

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB Plan investments, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

The District reports deferred inflows of resources related to lease receivables, which requires lessors to recognize deferred inflows of resources to correspond to lease receivables. These amounts are deferred and amortized in a systematic and rationale manner over the term of the lease.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represents property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied, and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

Q. Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

R. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- **Committed** Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's Superintendent or Executive Director of Business Services are authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use the resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

S. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total, but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

T. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement included major changes in recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Certain amounts necessary to fully restate fiscal year 2021 financial information are not determinable; therefore, prior year comparative amounts have not been restated. The implementation of the new GASB statement in the current year resulted in the District reporting a lease receivable and related deferred inflow of resources, however, no restatements of net position or fund balances were required.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits Investments	\$ 2,013,017 22,572,447
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,585,464

Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 20,904,855
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and investments held by trustee	 3,680,609
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,585,464

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,013,017, while the balance on the bank records was \$2,891,188. At June 30, 2022, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

	Credit	Rating	Fair Value Measurements		Interes Maturity Dur			Carrying	
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Ι	Less Than 1		1 to 5		Value
U.S. treasuries	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$	1,401,111	\$	1,073,456	\$	2,474,567
State and local obligations	Aaa	Moody's	Level 2	\$	_	\$	220,772		220,772
State and local obligations	Aa	Moody's	Level 2	\$	876,674	\$	710,085		1,586,759
Negotiable certificates of deposit	Not	Rated	Level 2	\$	_	\$	240,949		240,949
Investment pools/mutual funds									
MSDLAF – Liquid Class	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost		No Matu	irity	Date		4,532,357
MSDLAF – MAX Class	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost		No Matu	irity	Date		2,167
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost		No Matu	irity	Date		9,110,085
MNTrust Full Flex	Not	Rated	Amortized Cost		No Maturity Date				3,404,791
MNTrust Term Series	Not	Rated	Amortized Cost	\$	1,000,000	\$	-		1,000,000
Total investments								\$	22,572,447

The District's investments include external investment pools managed by Minnesota Trust (MNTrust) and the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF), which are regulated by Minnesota Statutes and not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investments in these investment pools are measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pools, which are based on amortized cost methods that approximate fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio or MSDLAF Liquid Class investment pools. Investments in the MSDLAF MAX Class must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days with the exception of direct investments of funds distributed by the state of Minnesota. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period may be subject to a penalty and there is a 24 hour hold on all requests for redemptions. MNTrust Full Flex investments can be withdrawn weekly with one day advance notice. MNTrust Term Series Portfolios are intended to be held until maturity; a participant's withdrawal prior to maturity will require seven-days' notice of redemption and will likely carry a penalty, which could be substantial in that it would be intended to allow the Term Series Portfolio to recoup any associated penalties, charges, losses, or other costs associated with the early redemption of the investments therein.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. For assets held in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, the investment options available to the District are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statutes § 356A.06, Subd.7.

In addition to statutory restrictions, the District's investment policy limits the types of investments to United States securities, state and local securities, commercial paper, and time deposits, as defined in Minnesota Statutes § 118A.04.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

NOTE 3 – LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District has entered into a lease agreement to rent space at its Discovery Center to the City of Maple Plain through October 31, 2024, with a one-year extension period through October 31, 2025. The lease calls for monthly payments at varying amounts with an estimated annual interest rate of 3.72 percent. During the current year, the District received principal and interest payments of \$33,099 in the Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is as follows:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Completed Deletions Construction	
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 602,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 602,074
Construction in progress	2,642,708	1,250,298	-	(3,162,460)	730,546
Total capital assets, not depreciated	3,244,782	1,250,298		(3,162,460)	1,332,620
Capital assets, depreciated					
Land improvements	9,154,095	58,665	_	2,069,946	11,282,706
Buildings	105,913,111	406,768	(6,840)	1,092,514	107,405,553
Furniture and equipment	5,680,945	180,990	(76,189)	_	5,785,746
Total capital assets, depreciated	120,748,151	646,423	(83,029)	3,162,460	124,474,005
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	(2,402,549)	(459,823)	_	_	(2,862,372)
Buildings	(39,999,420)	(3,084,831)	6,840	_	(43,077,411)
Furniture and equipment	(3,360,314)	(462,255)	76,189	_	(3,746,380)
Total accumulated depreciation	(45,762,283)	(4,006,909)	83,029		(49,686,163)
Net capital assets, depreciated	74,985,868	(3,360,486)		3,162,460	74,787,842
Total capital assets, net	\$ 78,230,650	\$ (2,110,188)	\$ -	\$	\$ 76,120,462

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following governmental functions:

District support services	\$ 17,981
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	1,629,415
Special education instruction	3,014
Instructional support services	12,603
Sites and buildings	2,296,431
Food service	32,728
Community service	14,737
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,006,909

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Bond Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Original Principal	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding
2016A G. O. Refunding	08/04/2016	2.50-4.00%	\$ 36,450,000	02/01/2029	\$ 23,460,000
2017A G. O. Building	02/22/2017	3.00-5.00%	\$ 27,375,000	02/01/2033	25,450,000
2017B G. O. Facilities Maintenance	05/18/2017	4.00-5.00%	\$ 2,865,000	02/01/2027	1,605,000
2018A G. O. Taxable OPEB Refunding	11/07/2018	2.95-3.80%	\$ 2,990,000	02/01/2029	2,185,000
2018B G. O. Tax Abatement	11/07/2018	3.00-5.00%	\$ 1,900,000	02/01/2029	1,425,000
2021A G. O. Facilities Maintenance	12/02/2021	2.00-3.00%	\$ 1,440,000	02/01/2030	1,440,000
Total general obligation bonds payab	le				\$ 55,565,000

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities, refinance (refund) previous bond issues, or finance OPEB. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. Authorized future debt service levies, equal to 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year, are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

B. Financed Purchases Payable

During the 2008 fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement to finance improvements valued at \$1,600,000 to the high school athletic field and track. Repayments will be made from the General Fund over a 15-year period ending May 1, 2023, at an interest rate of 4.76 percent.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement to finance the purchase of exercise equipment for the Activities Center. The equipment purchased consists of multiple items that do not individually meet the District's capitalization threshold; therefore, the equipment acquired is not included as part of capital assets. The agreement has a 5-year term with a final maturity of January 2024, bears an interest rate of 6.41 percent, and will be repaid by the General Fund.

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Orono to finance road improvements valued at \$774,316. The agreement calls for 8 annual payments with a final maturity in fiscal 2027, bears an interest rate of 1.00 percent, and will be repaid by the General Fund.

In August 2019, the District entered into an agreement to finance the purchase of equipment valued at \$60,568. The agreement calls for 5 annual payments with a final maturity of August 2023, bears an interest rate of 5.106 percent, and will be repaid by the General Fund.

In May 2020, the District entered into an agreement to finance the purchase and renovation of a transportation facility valued at \$2,083,000. The agreement has a 15-year term with a final maturity of February 2035, bears an interest rate of 2.90 percent, and will be repaid by the General Fund.

In January 2021, the District entered into an agreement to finance the purchase of LED lighting upgrades throughout the District. The fixtures purchased consist of multiple items that do not individually meet the District's capitalization threshold; therefore, the fixtures are not included as part of capital assets. The lease has a 9-year term with a final maturity of February 2030, bears an interest rate of 2.416 percent, and will be repaid by the General Fund.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including: compensated absences, pensions, and OPEB. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are financed primarily from the General Fund. The District has also established a Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance OPEB obligations.

District employees participate in state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Pension Plans	N	Net Pension Liabilities				Deferred Outflows of Resources				ferred Inflows f Resources	Pension Expense
PERA TRA	\$	3,869,026 14,078,554	\$	3,165,608 8,496,946	\$	3,646,498 24,095,437	\$ 160,976 649,737				
Total	\$	17,947,580	\$	11,662,554	\$	27,741,935	\$ 810,713				

D. Minimum Debt Payments

Future principal and interest payments for general obligation bonds and financed purchases payable are:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds		Financed Purchases Payable			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 4,465,000	\$ 1,939,536	\$ 484,720	\$ 83,941		
2024	4,655,000	1,746,370	336,301	69,977		
2025	4,995,000	1,549,420	313,746	62,316		
2026	5,270,000	1,342,648	320,569	55,493		
2027	5,555,000	1,129,197	327,561	48,500		
2028-2032	25,465,000	3,196,420	1,021,831	144,105		
2033-2035	5,160,000	161,250	486,996	25,011		
	\$ 55,565,000	\$ 11,064,841	\$ 3,291,724	\$ 489,343		

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	End of Year	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 58,415,000	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 4,290,000	\$ 55,565,000	\$ 4,465,000
Premium (discount) on bonds	3,843,951	148,503	501,211	3,491,243	_
Financed purchases payable	3,798,736	_	507,012	3,291,724	484,720
Net pension liabilities	28,728,794	4,256,819	15,038,033	17,947,580	_
Net OPEB liability	2,456,308	215,908	253,236	2,418,980	_
Severance payable	1,599,345	240,248	680,560	1,159,033	206,043
	\$ 98,842,134	\$ 6,301,478	\$ 21,270,052	\$ 83,873,560	\$ 5,155,763

NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCES

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions with an accumulated deficit balance at June 30, are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

A. Classifications

At June 30, 2022, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund		De	ebt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds		 Total
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$	105,060	\$	_	\$	23,913	\$ 128,973
Prepaid items		133,248		_		5,170	138,418
Total nonspendable		238,308		—		29,083	267,391
Restricted							
Student activities		134,694		_		_	134,694
Scholarships		720,282		_		-	720,282
Staff development		29,554		_		_	29,554
Capital projects levy		109,165		_		_	109,165
Operating capital		816,496		_		-	816,496
Safe schools levy		20,657		_		-	20,657
Long-term facilities maintenance		281,478		_		901,520	1,182,998
Food service		_		_		894,734	894,734
Community education programs		_		_		664,470	664,470
Early childhood family							
education programs		_		_		114,613	114,613
School readiness		_		_		10,393	10,393
Debt service		_		1,131,221		_	 1,131,221
Total restricted		2,112,326		1,131,221		2,585,730	 5,829,277
Assigned							
Curriculum and development		91,471		_		_	91,471
Wellness		110,460		_		_	110,460
Separation/retirement benefits		594,110		_		_	 594,110
Total assigned		796,041		_		_	 796,041
Unassigned		1,748,696		_			 1,748,696
Total	\$	4,895,371	\$	1,131,221	\$	2,614,813	\$ 8,641,405

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned General Fund balance (excluding any restricted account deficits) of 5.0 percent of the annual projected expenditures. At June 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance was 4.0 percent of the 2023 budgeted General Fund expenditures.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

Certain full-time and part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase is equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month, but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Step-Rate Formula	Percentage per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

Tier I Benefits

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the District was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$493,497. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Year Ended June 30,								
	20	20	20	21	2022				
	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer			
Basic Plan	11.00 %	11.92 %	11.00 %	12.13 %	11.00 %	12.34 %			
Coordinated Plan	7.50 %	7.92 %	7.50 %	8.13 %	7.50 %	8.34 %			

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were \$1,661,391. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in th	housands
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report		
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	448,829
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		379
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(538)
Total employer contributions		448,670
Total nonemployer contributions		37,840
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations	\$	486,510

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$3,869,026 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$118,068. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0906 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0931 percent for the beginning of the period.

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,869,026
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 118,068

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$151,450 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$9,526 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 22,117	\$ 118,781
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,362,347	85,303
Net collective difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings	_	3,329,998
Changes in proportion	287,647	112,416
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the		
measurement date	493,497	
Total	\$ 3,165,608	\$ 3,646,498

The \$493,497 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Pension				
June 30,	Expense Amount				
2023	\$ (24,603)				
2024	\$ 28,127				
2025	\$ (63,988)				
2026	\$ (913,923)				

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$14,078,554 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was 0.3217 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.3133 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,078,554
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 1,187,260

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$663,031. It also recognized \$13,294 as a decrease to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	371,353	\$ 385,582
Changes in actuarial assumptions		5,158,886	11,888,649
Net collective difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments		_	11,821,206
Changes in proportion		1,305,316	_
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the			
measurement date		1,661,391	
Total	\$	8,496,946	\$ 24,095,437

A total of \$1,661,391 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
June 30,	Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ (8,456,768) \$ (6,452,928) \$ (1,485,914) \$ (1,961,464) \$ 1,097,192

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allo	Target Allocation					
Asset Class	GERF	TRA	Real Rate of Return				
Domestic equity	33.50 %	35.50 %	5.10 %				
International equity	16.50	17.50	5.30 %				
Private markets	25.00	25.00	5.90 %				
Fixed income	25.00	20.00	0.75 %				
Unallocated cash		2.00	- %				
Total	100.00 %	100.00 %					

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.25%	2.50%
Wage growth rate		2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% thereafter
Projected salary increase	3.00%	
Active member payroll growth		2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter
Investment rate of return	6.50%	7.00%

1. GERF

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.50 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.50 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the GERF Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the GERF Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the GERF Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.00 percent after 29 years of service, and 6.00 percent per year thereafter.

Mortality rates for the GERF Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit the PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the GERF Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the GERF Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

2. TRA

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for the TRA for males and females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit the TRA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.00 percent for January 2020 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually.

Actuarial assumptions for the TRA Plan were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent experience study in the TRA Plan was completed in 2015, with economic assumptions updated in 2017.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

G. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2021 was 6.50 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at the prior measurement date was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at the prior measurement date was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2021 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1 / 0	Decrease in iscount Rate	D	Current Discount Rate		Increase in scount Rate
GERF discount rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	7,980,838	\$	3,869,026	\$	568,884
TRA discount rate		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$	28,439,364	\$	14,078,554	\$	2,301,545

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 800-657-3669.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The District administers a defined benefit Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The assets of the plan are reported in the District's financial report in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, established by the District to finance these obligations. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the District from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays for all or part of the eligible retiree's premiums for medical insurance from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District.

D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	31
Active plan members	359
Total members	390

E. Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 5,872,256 (3,453,276)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 2,418,980
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 58.8%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and a measurement date as of June 30, 2022, using the entry-age method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.80%
Expected long-term investment return	4.00% (net of investment expenses)
20-year municipal bond yield	3.80%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	Service graded table
Healthcare trend rate	6.25% grading to 5.00% over 5 years, and then to 4.00% over the next 48 years
Post-age 65 trend rate	4.00%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale. The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments has been set based on the plan's target investment allocation, along with long-term return expectations by asset class. When there is sufficient historical evidence of market outperformance, historical average returns may be considered.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Fixed income Cash	95.00 % 5.00	4.00 % 3.00 %
Total	100.00 %	4.00 %

G. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (2.60) percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.80 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy, have also been considered. The District discount rate used at the prior measurement date was 2.20 percent.

I. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a-b)	
Beginning balance – July 1, 2021	\$	6,254,903	\$	3,798,595	\$	2,456,308
Changes for the year						
Service cost		282,171		_		282,171
Interest cost		140,132		_		140,132
Assumption changes		(468,221)		_		(468,221)
Contributions – paid through operating funds		_		90,092		(90,092)
Net investment income		_		151,944		(151,944)
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		(250,626)		250,626
Benefit payments - paid through operating funds		(90,092)		(90,092)		_
Benefit payments – paid through trust		(246,637)		(246,637)		_
Total net changes		(382,647)		(345,319)		(37,328)
Ending balance – June 30, 2022	\$	5,872,256	\$	3,453,276	\$	2,418,980

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

• The discount rate was changed from 2.20 percent to 3.80 percent.

J. Net OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Decrease in count Rate	Current Discount Rate		Increase in scount Rate
OPEB discount rate	2.80%		3.80%	4.80%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,759,715	\$	2,418,980	\$ 2,088,178

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate			lealthcare rend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate		
Healthcare trend rate		5% grading to %, then 3.00%				5% grading to %, then 5.00%	
Post-age 65 healthcare trend rate		3.00%		4.00%		5.00%	
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,802,791	\$	2,418,980	\$	3,138,225	

K. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$215,908. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ċ	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	140,083	\$	262,307 511,651	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Total	\$	260,115 400,198	\$	773,958	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	EB Expense Amount
2023	\$ (63,563)
2024	\$ (71,757)
2025	\$ (71,838)
2026	\$ (88,566)
2027	\$ (78,036)

NOTE 9 – FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a "cafeteria plan" (the Plan) under § 125 of the IRC. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for health insurance, healthcare, and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payments of health insurance premiums are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies and are accounted for in the General Fund. Amounts withheld for medical and dependent care reimbursement are accounted for by an independent contract plan administrator. Payments are made to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the employee. The medical and dependent care reimbursement activity plan is included in the financial statements in the General Fund.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND BALANCES

The District's General Fund has a receivable of \$246,637 at year-end due from the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to reimburse OPEB costs. Interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements are eliminated to the extent possible in the government-wide financial statements. However, receivables and payables between the District's governmental activities and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and/or covered by insurance. The District's government-wide financial statements include an estimated liability related to current legal claims. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District does not believe the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position beyond the estimated liability accrued.

C. Power Purchase Commitment

During fiscal years 2020 and 2021, the District entered into various power purchase agreements to purchase the energy generated by solar panels contributed to the District and installed on various buildings of the District. Future power purchase payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2023	\$ 76,2	285
2024	78,1	11
2025	79,9	97
2026	81,0	91
2027	82,8	323
2028-2032	446,7	68
2033-2037	411,1	86
2038-2041	263,9	74
	\$ 1,520,2	.35

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

		District's	District's	Pro Sh	District's oportionate hare of the State of innesota's	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of		District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
	PERA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Pro	oportionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Sh	are of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Ne	et Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability]	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019	06/30/2014 06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018	0.0826% 0.0792% 0.0824% 0.0832% 0.0811%	 \$ 3,880,134 \$ 4,104,555 \$ 6,690,471 \$ 5,311,432 \$ 4,499,096 	\$ \$ \$ \$	- 87,405 66,776 147,648	 \$ 3,880,134 \$ 4,104,555 \$ 6,777,876 \$ 5,378,208 \$ 4,646,744 	 \$ 4,348,782 \$ 4,653,351 \$ 4,848,272 \$ 5,318,213 \$ 5,453,435 	89.22% 88.21% 138.00% 99.87% 82.50%	78.70% 78.20% 68.90% 75.90% 79.50%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.0843%	\$ 4,660,759	\$	144,827	\$ 4,805,586	\$ 5,964,762	78.14%	80.20%
06/30/2021 06/30/2022	06/30/2020 06/30/2021	0.0931% 0.0906%	\$ 5,581,770 \$ 3,869,026	\$ \$	172,174 118,068	\$ 5,753,944 \$ 3,987,094	\$ 6,629,796 \$ 6,518,565	84.19% 59.35%	79.10% 87.00%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Co	ntributions				Contributions
			in l	Relation to				as a
	S	tatutorily	the	Statutorily	Cont	ribution		Percentage
District Fiscal	F	Required	H	Required	Def	iciency	Covered	of Covered
Year-End Date	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	(Ez	(cess)	Payroll	Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	343,252	\$	343,252	\$	_	\$ 4,653,351	7.38%
06/30/2016	\$	363,557	\$	363,557	\$	-	\$ 4,848,272	7.50%
06/30/2017	\$	398,006	\$	398,006	\$	_	\$ 5,318,213	7.48%
06/30/2018	\$	408,983	\$	408,983	\$	_	\$ 5,453,435	7.50%
06/30/2019	\$	447,359	\$	447,359	\$	_	\$ 5,964,762	7.50%
06/30/2020	\$	497,236	\$	497,236	\$	_	\$ 6,629,796	7.50%
06/30/2021	\$	488,568	\$	488,568	\$	_	\$ 6,518,565	7.50%
06/30/2022	\$	493,497	\$	493,497	\$	-	\$ 6,579,960	7.50%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

	TRA Fiscal Year-End Date	District's Proportion of the Net	District's Proportionate Share of the	District's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the	District's	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021 06/30/2022	06/30/2014 06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021	0.3080% 0.2900% 0.2953% 0.2981% 0.3016% 0.3064% 0.3133% 0.3217%	\$14,192,418 \$17,939,368 \$70,436,096 \$59,506,168 \$18,943,303 \$19,530,000 \$23,147,024 \$14,078,554	 \$ 998,516 \$ 2,200,629 \$ 7,069,067 \$ 5,751,982 \$ 1,779,586 \$ 1,728,266 \$ 1,940,042 \$ 1,187,260 	\$15,190,934 \$20,139,997 \$77,505,163 \$65,258,150 \$20,722,889 \$21,258,266 \$25,087,066 \$15,265,814	\$14,057,289 \$14,720,573 \$15,468,330 \$16,096,552 \$16,664,426 \$17,400,046 \$18,209,246 \$19,250,809	100.96% 121.87% 455.36% 369.68% 113.68% 112.24% 127.12% 73.13%	81.50% 76.80% 44.88% 51.57% 78.07% 78.21% 75.48% 86.63%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Contributions			Contributions
		in Relation to			as a
	Statutorily	the Statutorily	Contribution		Percentage
District Fiscal	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
Year-End Date	Contributions	Contributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
06/30/2015	\$ 1,104,043	\$ 1,104,043	\$ –	\$14,720,573	7.50%
06/30/2016	\$ 1,160,919	\$ 1,160,919	\$ –	\$15,468,330	7.51%
06/30/2017	\$ 1,209,519	\$ 1,209,519	\$ –	\$16,096,552	7.51%
06/30/2018	\$ 1,249,682	\$ 1,249,682	\$ –	\$16,664,426	7.50%
06/30/2019	\$ 1,340,741	\$ 1,340,741	\$ –	\$17,400,046	7.71%
06/30/2020	\$ 1,442,163	\$ 1,442,163	\$ –	\$18,209,246	7.92%
06/30/2021	\$ 1,565,042	\$ 1,565,042	\$ –	\$19,250,809	8.13%
06/30/2022	\$ 1,661,391	\$ 1,661,391	\$ -	\$19,933,215	8.33%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 282,171	\$ 350,244	\$ 366,288	\$ 327,523	\$ 327,106	\$ 345,050
Interest cost	140,132	169,397	189,014	191,824	161,748	156,808
Assumption changes	(468,221)		183,261	82,521	(177,738)	
Plan changes		(1.361	(,=)	_
Differences between expected				1,001		
and actual experience	_	(338,798)	_	(85,035)	_	_
Benefit payments – paid through		(000,000)		(00,000)		
operating funds	(90,092)	(25,741)	(30,000)	_	_	(327,157)
Benefit payments – paid through trust	(246,637)		(128,505)	(341,944)	(274,363)	(
Net change in total OPEB liability	(382,647)		580,058	176,250	36,753	174,701
j	((,	,	,	. ,
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year	6,254,903	6,592,908	6,012,850	5,836,600	5,799,847	5,625,146
Total OPEB liability – end of year	5,872,256	6,254,903	6,592,908	6,012,850	5,836,600	5,799,847
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions – paid through operating funds	90,092	25,741	30,000	_	_	327,157
Net investment income	151,944	118,225	118,526	63,808	64,243	41,707
Differences between expected	151,744	110,225	110,520	05,000	04,245	41,707
and actual experience	(250,626)	(85,439)	(411)	_	_	_
Benefit payments	(336,729)		(158,505)	(341,944)	(274,363)	(327,157)
Net change in plan fiduciary	(330,727)	(550,015)	(150,505)	(311,211)	(271,303)	(327,137)
net position	(345,319)	(278,118)	(10,390)	(278,136)	(210,120)	41,707
net position	(0.0,01))	(2/0,110)	(10,0)0)	(270,120)	(210,120)	11,707
Plan fiduciary net position –						
beginning of year	3,798,595	4,076,713	4,087,103	4,365,239	4,575,359	4,533,652
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year	3,453,276	3,798,595	4,076,713	4,087,103	4,365,239	4,575,359
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 2,418,980	\$ 2,456,308	\$ 2,516,195	\$ 1,925,747	\$ 1,471,361	\$ 1,224,488
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percentage of the total OPEB liability	58.81%	60.73%	61.83%	67.97%	74.79%	78.89%
Covered-employee payroll	\$24,506,490	\$23,792,709	\$22,528,956	\$21,872,773	\$20,730,611	\$20,126,807
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.87%	10.32%	11.17%	8.80%	7.10%	6.08%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of
Year	Investment Expense
2017	0.92 %
2018	1.40 %
2019	1.50 %
2020	2.90 %
2021	0.80 %
2022	(2.60) %

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2022 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 2.20 percent to 3.80 percent.

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.20 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00 percent per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The long-term rate of return assumption was changed to 2.90 percent from 2.40 percent.

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The District's post-employment medical subsidy for one retired employee was changed from up to \$580 per month to the full district-paid single premiums.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality table was updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- Healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases. The trend rate on post-age 65 subsidies for three administrators was changed to 4.00 percent per year.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.20 percent to 3.00 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 2.70 percent to 3.20 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality table was updated from RP-2000 projected to 2014 with Scale BB to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The withdrawal table for all employees and retirement tables for only employees eligible to retire with Rule of 90 also were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 2.70 percent.
- The percentage of food service employees who were assumed to continue on one of the District's medical plans post-employment was reduced from 50.00 percent to 10.00 percent.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022

		Special Rev			-	ital Projects – Building	
	Food Service		Community Service		C	Construction Fund	Total
	F(oou service		Service		Fulla	 Total
Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,036,694	\$	1,457,153	\$	1,405,340	\$ 3,899,187
Receivables							
Current taxes		_		156,441		_	156,441
Delinquent taxes		_		4,272		_	4,272
Accounts and interest		255		3,964		445	4,664
Due from other governmental units		_		35,862		_	35,862
Lease		_		120,012		_	120,012
Inventory		23,913		, 		_	23,913
Prepaid items		4,920		250		_	 5,170
Total assets	\$	1,065,782	\$	1,777,954	\$	1,405,785	\$ 4,249,521
Liabilities							
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	_	\$	94,854	\$	_	\$ 94,854
Accounts and contracts payable		8,914		69,072		504,265	582,251
Unearned revenue		133,301		380,707		_	514,008
Total liabilities		142,215		544,633		504,265	 1,191,113
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_		3,143		_	3,143
Lease revenue for subsequent years		_		120,012		_	120,012
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_		320,440		_	320,440
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		443,595		_	443,595
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		28,833		250		_	29,083
Restricted		894,734		789,476		901,520	2,585,730
Total fund balances		923,567		789,726		901,520	 2,614,813
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,065,782	\$	1,777,954	\$	1,405,785	\$ 4,249,521

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Re	evenue Funds Community	Capital Projects – Building Construction	
	Food Service	Service	Fund	Total
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ –	\$ 309,353	\$ -	\$ 309,353
Investment earnings	267	346	351	964
Other	580,397	2,804,352	_	3,384,749
State sources	60,959	187,037	_	247,996
Federal sources	1,805,172	136,988	_	1,942,160
Total revenue	2,446,795	3,438,076	351	5,885,222
Expenditures				
Current				
Food service	1,937,695	_	_	1,937,695
Community service	_	3,138,045	_	3,138,045
Capital outlay	35,946	4,462	630,546	670,954
Fiscal charges and other	_	_	53,993	53,993
Total expenditures	1,973,641	3,142,507	684,539	5,800,687
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenue over expenditures	473,154	295,569	(684,188)	84,535
Other financing sources				
Debt issued	_	_	1,437,205	1,437,205
Premium on debt issued	_	_	148,503	148,503
Total other financing sources			1,585,708	1,585,708
Net change in fund balances	473,154	295,569	901,520	1,670,243
Fund balances				
Beginning of year	450,413	494,157		944,570
End of year	\$ 923,567	\$ 789,726	\$ 901,520	\$ 2,614,813

General Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2021)

				2022				2021
		Operating	E	Capital Expenditure		Total		Total
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	8,327,730	\$	1,416,899	\$	9,744,629	\$	10,269,633
Receivables	·	- , ,		, .,		- , - ,		-,,
Current taxes		6,347,113		_		6,347,113		5,992,753
Delinquent taxes		167,588		_		167,588		278,426
Accounts and interest		8,663		2,724		11,387		68,990
Due from other governmental units		2,617,443		5,832		2,623,275		2,993,186
Due from other funds		246,637		, _		246,637		310,904
Inventory		105,060		_		105,060		63,107
Prepaid items		133,248				133,248		540,236
Total assets	\$	17,953,482	\$	1,425,455	\$	19,378,937	\$	20,517,235
Liabilities								
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	1,042,907	\$	_	\$	1,042,907	\$	976,225
Accounts and contracts payable	Ŧ	850,873	Ŧ	129,689	-	980,562	Ŧ	404,587
Due to other governmental units		163,902				163,902		64,974
Unearned revenue		198,883		_		198,883		
Total liabilities		2,256,565		129,689		2,386,254		1,445,786
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		125,459		_		125,459		155,480
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		11,971,853		_		11,971,853		10,904,311
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,097,312		_		12,097,312		11,059,791
Fund balances								
Nonspendable for inventory		105,060		_		105,060		63,107
Nonspendable for prepaid items		133,248		_		133,248		540,236
Restricted for student activities		134,694		_		134,694		120,309
Restricted for scholarships		720,282		_		720,282		742,853
Restricted for staff development		29,554		_		29,554		57,075
Restricted for capital projects levy		_		109,165		109,165		121,555
Restricted for operating capital		_		816,496		816,496		1,400,030
Restricted for safe schools levy		20,657		, 		20,657		_
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance		_		281,478		281,478		175,582
Assigned for subsequent year's budget		_		-		_		471,357
Assigned for curriculum and development		91,471		_		91,471		91,471
Assigned for future projects		, 		_		,		110,072
Assigned for building carryover		_		_		_		158,334
Assigned for wellness		110,460		_		110,460		66,085
Assigned for separation/retirement benefits		594,110		_		594,110		383,560
Unassigned		1,660,069		88,627		1,748,696		3,510,032
Total fund balances		3,599,605		1,295,766		4,895,371	_	8,011,658
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	17,953,482	\$	1,425,455	\$	19,378,937	\$	20,517,235

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022			2021
		Capital		
	Operating	Expenditure	Total	Total
	8			
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 9,184,475	\$ 2,927,574	\$ 12,112,049	\$ 12,172,044
Investment earnings	4,177	_	4,177	23,030
Other	1,694,350	1,679	1,696,029	1,277,512
State sources	25,882,621	249,310	26,131,931	25,668,841
Federal sources	1,413,452	8,408	1,421,860	1,833,631
Total revenue	38,179,075	3,186,971	41,366,046	40,975,058
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,341,917	_	1,341,917	1,413,349
District support services	1,467,692	212,420	1,680,112	1,841,898
Elementary and secondary regular	, - ,	7 -	7 7	,- ,
instruction	21,672,852	390,900	22,063,752	20,868,620
Vocational education instruction	330,820		330,820	309,948
Special education instruction	5,439,144	_	5,439,144	5,272,650
Instructional support services	2,159,326	1,048,312	3,207,638	3,344,117
Pupil support services	3,299,446		3,299,446	2,973,843
Sites and buildings	4,122,102	2,080,843	6,202,945	6,572,924
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	310,842	_,,	310,842	261,386
Debt service				- ,
Principal	224,163	282,849	507,012	532,490
Interest and fiscal charges	79,616	19,589	99,205	73,728
Total expenditures	40,447,920	4,034,913	44,482,833	43,464,953
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(2,268,845)	(847,942)	(3,116,787)	(2,489,895)
Other financing sources				
Financed purchase				936,984
	500	—	500	930,984
Insurance recovery	500		500	936,984
Total other financing sources				930,984
Net change in fund balances	(2,268,345)	(847,942)	(3,116,287)	(1,552,911)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year	5,867,950	2,143,708	8,011,658	9,564,569
End of year	\$ 3,599,605	\$ 1,295,766	\$ 4,895,371	\$ 8,011,658

General Fund – Operating Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		2022			2021
Revenue Local sources Property taxes \$ 9,124,217 \$ 9,184,475 \$ 60,258 \$ 9,311,991 Investment earnings 100,000 4,177 (95,823) (23,030) Other 1,729,950 1,694,350 (35,600) 1,273,703 State sources 25,797,256 25,882,621 85,365 25,368,702 Federal sources 1,078,189 1,413,452 335,263 1,833,631 Total revenue 37,829,612 38,179,075 349,463 37,811,057 Expenditures Current Administration 1,372,850 1,341,917 (30,933) 1,413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular instruction 323,600 330,800 7,220 309,948 Special education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 3,228,620 3,299,446 70,826 2,73,843 Sites and buidings 3,907,700 4,122,102				Over (Under)	
Local sources Property taxes \$ 9,124,217 \$ 9,184,475 \$ 60,258 \$ 9,311,991 Investment earnings 100,000 4,177 (95,823) 23,030 Other 1,729,950 1,694,350 (35,600) 1,273,703 State sources 25,797,256 25,882,621 85,365 25,368,702 Federal sources 1,078,189 1,413,452 335,263 1,833,631 Total revenue 37,829,612 38,179,075 349,463 37,811,057 Expenditures Current Administration 1,372,850 1,341,917 (30,933) 1,413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular instruction 232,600 30,820 7,220 309,948 Nocational education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 2,127,531 2,159,326 31,795 2,534,147 Pupil support services 3,228,600 310,842 261,386 260,0		Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Local sources Property taxes \$ 9,124,217 \$ 9,184,475 \$ 60,258 \$ 9,311,991 Investment earnings 100,000 4,177 (95,823) 23,030 Other 1,729,950 1,694,350 (35,600) 1,273,703 State sources 25,797,256 25,882,621 85,365 25,368,702 Federal sources 1,078,189 1,413,452 335,263 1,833,631 Total revenue 37,829,612 38,179,075 349,463 37,811,057 Expenditures Current Administration 1,372,850 1,341,917 (30,933) 1,413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular instruction 232,600 30,820 7,220 309,948 Nocational education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 2,127,531 2,159,326 31,795 2,534,147 Pupil support services 3,228,600 310,842 261,386 260,0	Revenue				
Investment earnings100.0004,177(95,823)23,030Other1,729,9501,694,350(35,600)1,273,703State sources25,797,25625,882,62185,36525,368,702Federal sources1,078,1891,413,452335,2631,833,631Total revenue37,829,61238,179,075349,46337,811,057ExpendituresCurrentAdministration1,372,8501,341,917(30,933)1,413,349District support services1,660,3301,467,692(192,638)1,575,943Elementary and secondary regular instruction20,525,87221,672,8521,146,98020,524,736Vocational education instruction5,813,4505,439,144(374,306)5,272,650Instructional support services2,127,5312,159,32631,7952,534,147Pupil support services3,228,6203,299,44670,8262,973,843Sites and buildings3,907,7004,122,102214,4025,443,886Fiscal and other fixed cost programs260,000310,84250,842261,386Debt service39,419,84240,447,9201,028,07840,613,669Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures(1,590,230)(2,268,845)(678,615)(2,802,612)Other financing sources936,984Insurance recovery-500500Total other financing sources936,984Insurance recovery- <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Investment earnings100,0004,177(95,823)23,030Other1,729,9501,694,350(35,600)1,273,703State sources25,797,25625,882,62185,36525,368,702Federal sources1,078,1891,413,452335,2631,833,631Total revenue37,829,61238,179,075349,46337,811,057ExpendituresCurrentAdministration1,372,8501,341,917(30,933)1,413,349District support services1,660,3301,467,692(192,638)1,575,943Elementary and secondary regular instruction20,525,87221,672,8521,146,98020,524,736Vocational education instruction5,813,4505,439,144(374,306)5,272,650Instructional support services2,127,5312,159,32631,7952,534,147Pupil support services3,228,6203,299,44670,8262,973,843Sites and buildings3,907,7004,122,102214,4025,443,886Fiscal and other fixed cost programs260,000310,84250,842261,386Debt service20,92279,61616,82446,274Total expenditures39,419,84240,447,9201,028,07840,613,669Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures936,984Insurance recovery-500500Total other financing sources936,984Insurance recovery-500500<	Property taxes	\$ 9,124,217	\$ 9,184,475	\$ 60,258	\$ 9,311,991
State sources $25,797,256$ $25,882,621$ $85,365$ $25,368,702$ Federal sources $1.078,189$ $1.413,452$ $335,263$ $1.833,631$ Total revenue $37,829,612$ $38,179,075$ $349,463$ $37,811,057$ ExpendituresCurrentAdministration $1.372,850$ $1.341,917$ $(30,933)$ $1.413,349$ District support services $1.660,330$ $1.467,692$ $(192,638)$ $1.575,943$ Elementary and secondary regular $20,525,872$ $21,672,852$ $1.146,980$ $20,524,736$ Vocational education instruction $323,600$ $330,820$ $7,220$ $309,948$ Special education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,439,144$ $(374,306)$ $5,272,650$ Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $779,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Atotal expenditures $39,9419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1.028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $ -$ Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Insurance recovery $-$		100,000		(95,823)	23,030
Federal sources Total revenue 1,078,189 1,413,452 335,263 1,833,631 Total revenue 37,829,612 38,179,075 349,463 37,811,057 Expenditures Current 1,372,850 1,341,917 (30,933) 1,413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular instruction 20,525,872 21,672,852 1,146,980 20,524,736 Vocational education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 2,127,531 2,159,326 31,795 2,534,147 Pupil support services 3,228,620 3,299,446 70,826 2,973,843 Sites and buildings 3,907,700 4,122,102 214,402 5,443,846 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 260,000 310,842 261,336 Debt service 137,097 224,163 87,066 257,507 Interest and fiscal charges 62,792 79,616 16,824 46,274 Total expenditures 39,419,842 40,447,920 1,028,078 40,613,669 <tr< td=""><td>Other</td><td>1,729,950</td><td>1,694,350</td><td>(35,600)</td><td>1,273,703</td></tr<>	Other	1,729,950	1,694,350	(35,600)	1,273,703
Total revenue $\overline{37,829,612}$ $\overline{38,179,075}$ $\overline{349,463}$ $\overline{37,811,057}$ Expenditures Current Administration 1.372,850 1.341,917 $(30,933)$ 1.413,349 District support services 1.660,330 1.467,692 $(192,638)$ 1.575,943 Elementary and secondary regular instruction $20,525,872$ $21,672,852$ $1,146,980$ $20,524,736$ Vocational education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,34,147$ $7,220$ $30,99,48$ Special education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,439,144$ $(374,306)$ $5,272,650$ Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Debt service Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total	State sources	25,797,256	25,882,621	85,365	25,368,702
Expenditures Current Administration $1.372,850$ $1.341,917$ $(30,933)$ $1.413,349$ District support services $1.660,330$ $1.467,692$ $(192,638)$ $1.575,943$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $20,525,872$ $21,672,852$ $1.146,980$ $20,524,736$ Vocational education instruction $323,600$ $330,820$ $7,220$ $309,948$ Special education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,439,144$ $(374,306)$ $5,272,650$ Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,207,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $97ncipal$ $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $-$	Federal sources	1,078,189	1,413,452	335,263	1,833,631
Current Administration 1.372,850 1.341,917 (30,933) 1.413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular 0 0 300,820 7,220 309,948 Special education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 2,127,531 2,159,326 31,795 2,534,147 Pupil support services 3,228,620 3,299,446 70,826 2,973,843 Sites and buildings 3,907,700 4,122,102 214,402 5,443,886 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 260,000 310,842 50,842 261,386 Debt service 9 9 137,097 224,163 87,066 257,507 Interest and fiscal charges 62,792 79,616 16,824 46,274 Total expenditures 39,419,842 40,447,920 1,028,078 40,613,669 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,590,230) (2,268,845) (678,615)	Total revenue	37,829,612	38,179,075		
Current Administration 1.372,850 1.341,917 (30,933) 1.413,349 District support services 1,660,330 1,467,692 (192,638) 1,575,943 Elementary and secondary regular 0 0 300,820 7,220 309,948 Special education instruction 5,813,450 5,439,144 (374,306) 5,272,650 Instructional support services 2,127,531 2,159,326 31,795 2,534,147 Pupil support services 3,228,620 3,299,446 70,826 2,973,843 Sites and buildings 3,907,700 4,122,102 214,402 5,443,886 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 260,000 310,842 50,842 261,386 Debt service 9 9 137,097 224,163 87,066 257,507 Interest and fiscal charges 62,792 79,616 16,824 46,274 Total expenditures 39,419,842 40,447,920 1,028,078 40,613,669 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures (1,590,230) (2,268,845) (678,615)	Expenditures				
District support services1,660,3301,467,692(192,638)1,575,943Elementary and secondary regular instruction20,525,87221,672,8521,146,98020,524,736Vocational education instruction323,600330,8207,220309,948Special education instruction5,813,4505,439,114(374,306)5,272,650Instructional support services2,127,5312,159,32631,7952,534,147Pupil support services3,228,6203,299,44670,8262,973,843Sites and buildings3,907,7004,122,102214,4025,443,886Fiscal and other fixed cost programs260,000310,84250,842261,386Debt servicePrincipal137,097224,16387,066257,507Interest and fiscal charges62,79279,61616,82446,274Total expenditures39,419,84240,447,9201,028,07840,613,669Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures(1,590,230)(2,268,845)(678,615)(2,802,612)Other financing sources936,984Insurance recovery-500500-Total other financing sources936,984Net change in fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,615)(1,865,628)Fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,615)(1,865,628)	*				
Elementary and secondary regular instruction20,525,872 221,672,8521,146,980 1,146,98020,524,736 	Administration	1,372,850	1,341,917	(30,933)	1,413,349
Elementary and secondary regular instruction20,525,87221,672,8521,146,98020,524,736Vocational education instruction323,600330,8207,220309,948Special education instruction5,813,4505,439,144(374,306)5,272,650Instructional support services2,127,5312,159,32631,7952,534,147Pupil support services3,228,6203,299,44670,8262,973,843Sites and buildings3,907,7004,122,102214,4025,443,886Fiscal and other fixed cost programs260,000310,84250,842261,386Debt servicePrincipal137,097224,16387,066257,507Interest and fiscal charges62,79279,61616,82446,274Total expenditures39,419,84240,447,9201,028,07840,613,669Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures(1,590,230)(2,268,845)(678,615)(2,802,612)Other financing sources936,984Insurance recovery-500500-Total other financing sources500500936,984Net change in fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,615)(1,865,628)Fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,115)(1,865,628)Fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,115)(1,865,628)	District support services	1,660,330		(192,638)	1,575,943
Vocational education instruction $323,600$ $330,820$ $7,220$ $309,948$ Special education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,439,144$ $(374,306)$ $5,272,650$ Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $7,200$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $$(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$					
Special education instruction $5,813,450$ $5,439,144$ $(374,306)$ $5,272,650$ Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service 7 $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $ 936,984$ $ -$	instruction	20,525,872	21,672,852	1,146,980	20,524,736
Instructional support services $2,127,531$ $2,159,326$ $31,795$ $2,534,147$ Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ $40,417,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ $1028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Fund balances $\frac{$(1,590,230)}{20}$ $(2,268,345)$ $(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $\frac{$(1,590,230)}{20}$ $(2,268,345)$ $\frac{$(678,115)}{2}$ $(1,865,628)$	Vocational education instruction	323,600	330,820	7,220	309,948
Pupil support services $3,228,620$ $3,299,446$ $70,826$ $2,973,843$ Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources Financed purchase $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ -$ Financed purchase $ -$ Met change in fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Special education instruction	5,813,450	5,439,144	(374,306)	5,272,650
Sites and buildings $3,907,700$ $4,122,102$ $214,402$ $5,443,886$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt service $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Instructional support services	2,127,531	2,159,326	31,795	2,534,147
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $260,000$ $310,842$ $50,842$ $261,386$ Debt servicePrincipal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $936,984$ Net change in fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Pupil support services	3,228,620	3,299,446	70,826	2,973,843
Debt servicePrincipal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources Financed purchase $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Net change in fund balances $\$ (1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $\$ (678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $\$ (1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $\$ (678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Sites and buildings	3,907,700	4,122,102	214,402	5,443,886
Principal $137,097$ $224,163$ $87,066$ $257,507$ Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources Financed purchase $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Net change in fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $$(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	260,000	310,842	50,842	261,386
Interest and fiscal charges $62,792$ $79,616$ $16,824$ $46,274$ Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources - - - 936,984 Insurance recovery - 500 500 - Total other financing sources - 500 500 - Net change in fund balances \$ (1,590,230) $(2,268,345)$ \$ (678,115) $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances \$ (1,590,230) $(2,268,345)$ \$ (678,115) $(1,865,628)$	Debt service				
Total expenditures $39,419,842$ $40,447,920$ $1,028,078$ $40,613,669$ Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources Financed purchase $ 936,984$ Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Net change in fund balances $\$$ $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $\$$ $(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $\$$ $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $\$$ $(678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$	Principal	137,097	224,163	87,066	257,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sources Financed purchase $ -$ 936,984Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $-$ Net change in fund balances $\$$ (1,590,230) $(2,268,345)$ $\$$ (678,115) $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances $\$$ (1,590,230) $(2,268,345)$ $\$$ (678,115) $(1,865,628)$	Interest and fiscal charges	62,792	79,616	16,824	46,274
over expenditures $(1,590,230)$ $(2,268,845)$ $(678,615)$ $(2,802,612)$ Other financing sourcesFinanced purchaseInsurance recovery-Total other financing sources-500500500936,984Insurance recovery-500500936,984Net change in fund balances\$ (1,590,230)(2,268,345)\$ (678,115)(1,865,628)Fund balancesBeginning of year5,867,9507,733,578	Total expenditures	39,419,842	40,447,920	1,028,078	40,613,669
Other financing sourcesFinanced purchase $ -$ 936,984Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $936,984$ Net change in fund balances $$ (1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$ (678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances Beginning of year $5,867,950$ $7,733,578$	Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
Financed purchase - - - 936,984 Insurance recovery - 500 500 - Total other financing sources - 500 500 936,984 Net change in fund balances \$ (1,590,230) (2,268,345) \$ (678,115) (1,865,628) Fund balances 5,867,950 7,733,578	-	(1,590,230)	(2,268,845)	(678,615)	(2,802,612)
Insurance recovery $ 500$ 500 $-$ Total other financing sources $ 500$ 500 $936,984$ Net change in fund balances $$ (1,590,230)$ $(2,268,345)$ $$ (678,115)$ $(1,865,628)$ Fund balances Beginning of year $5,867,950$ $7,733,578$	-				
Total other financing sources - 500 500 936,984 Net change in fund balances \$ (1,590,230) (2,268,345) \$ (678,115) (1,865,628) Fund balances Beginning of year 5,867,950 7,733,578	*	—	-	-	936,984
Net change in fund balances \$ (1,590,230) (2,268,345) \$ (678,115) (1,865,628) Fund balances Beginning of year 5,867,950 7,733,578					
Fund balances Beginning of year5,867,9507,733,578	Total other financing sources		500	500	936,984
Beginning of year 5,867,950 7,733,578	Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,590,230)	(2,268,345)	\$ (678,115)	(1,865,628)
	Fund balances				
End of year \$ 3,599,605 \$ 5,867,950	Beginning of year		5,867,950		7,733,578
	End of year		\$ 3,599,605		\$ 5,867,950

General Fund – Capital Expenditure Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,813,944	\$ 2,927,574	\$ 113,630	\$ 2,860,053
Other	30,000	1,679	(28,321)	3,809
State sources	284,823	249,310	(35,513)	300,139
Federal sources		8,408	8,408	
Total revenue	3,128,767	3,186,971	58,204	3,164,001
Expenditures				
Current				
District support services	262,900	212,420	(50,480)	265,955
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	498,303	390,900	(107,403)	343,884
Instructional support services	887,453	1,048,312	160,859	809,970
Sites and buildings	2,223,459	2,080,843	(142,616)	1,129,038
Debt service				
Principal	138,465	282,849	144,384	274,983
Interest and fiscal charges	11,871	19,589	7,718	27,454
Total expenditures	4,022,451	4,034,913	12,462	2,851,284
Net change in fund balances	\$ (893,684)	(847,942)	\$ 45,742	312,717
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		2,143,708		1,830,991
End of year		\$ 1,295,766		\$ 2,143,708

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		2021
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,036	5,694 \$	401,145
Receivables			
Accounts and interest		255	_
Due from other governmental units		_	118,431
Inventory	23	3,913	34,610
Prepaid items	4	,920	4,699
Total assets	\$ 1,065	5,782 \$	558,885
Liabilities			
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	- \$	3,556
Accounts and contracts payable	8	3,914	10,049
Unearned revenue	133	3,301	94,867
Total liabilities	142	2,215	108,472
Fund balances			
Nonspendable for inventory	23	3,913	34,610
Nonspendable for prepaid items	4	,920	4,699
Restricted for food service	894	,734	411,104
Total fund balances	923	3,567	450,413
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,065	5,782 \$	558,885

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

			2021	
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ 4,000	\$ 267	\$ (3,733)	\$ 733
Other – primarily meal sales	1,383,300	580,397	(802,903)	185,319
State sources	2,000	60,959	58,959	3,353
Federal sources	286,000	1,805,172	1,519,172	1,437,950
Total revenue	1,675,300	2,446,795	771,495	1,627,355
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	606,973	621,045	14,072	500,443
Employee benefits	181,708	229,759	48,051	173,573
Purchased services	71,250	96,627	25,377	72,112
Supplies and materials	723,500	987,514	264,014	663,438
Other expenditures	1,700	2,750	1,050	2,058
Capital outlay	33,500	35,946	2,446	17,538
Total expenditures	1,618,631	1,973,641	355,010	1,429,162
Net change in fund balances	\$ 56,669	473,154	\$ 416,485	198,193
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		450,413		252,220
End of year		\$ 923,567		\$ 450,413

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	 2021
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,457,153	\$ 759,845
Receivables		
Current taxes	156,441	154,379
Delinquent taxes	4,272	7,076
Accounts and interest	3,964	_
Due from other governmental units	35,862	48,413
Lease	120,012	_
Prepaid items	 250	
Total assets	\$ 1,777,954	\$ 969,713
Liabilities		
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 94,854	\$ 102,272
Accounts and contracts payable	69,072	54,624
Due to other governmental units	-	3,722
Unearned revenue	380,707	· _
Total liabilities	 544,633	 160,618
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	3,143	3,618
Lease revenue for subsequent years	120,012	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	320,440	311,320
Total deferred inflows of resources	 443,595	 314,938
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	250	
Restricted for community education programs	664,470	413,854
Restricted for early childhood family education programs	114,613	67,298
Restricted for school readiness	10,393	13,005
Total fund balances	 789,726	 494,157
	 109,120	 191,197
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,777,954	\$ 969,713

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2022			
			Over (Under)		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenue					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 308,409	\$ 309,353	\$ 944	\$ 301,998	
Investment earnings	_	346	346	1,295	
Other – primarily tuition and fees	2,681,816	2,804,352	122,536	2,159,022	
State sources	213,175	187,037	(26,138)	167,495	
Federal sources	_	136,988	136,988	14,247	
Total revenue	3,203,400	3,438,076	234,676	2,644,057	
Expenditures					
Current					
Salaries	2,065,027	1,958,758	(106,269)	1,793,372	
Employee benefits	367,869	351,248	(16,621)	298,997	
Purchased services	455,487	664,205	208,718	350,472	
Supplies and materials	142,038	130,517	(11,521)	87,399	
Other expenditures	72,000	33,317	(38,683)	55,804	
Capital outlay	12,500	4,462	(8,038)	20,173	
Total expenditures	3,114,921	3,142,507	27,586	2,606,217	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 88,479	295,569	\$ 207,090	37,840	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year		494,157		456,317	
End of year		\$ 789,726		\$ 494,157	

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	 2021
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,405,340	\$ _
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	445	_
Total assets	\$ 1,405,785	\$ _
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 504,265	\$ _
Fund balances Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance	901,520	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,405,785	\$ _

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 351	\$ 351	\$ 929
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Purchased services	-	152,639	152,639	17,202
Capital expenditures	132,000	477,907	345,907	333,875
Debt service				
Fiscal charges and other		53,993	53,993	
Total expenditures	132,000	684,539	552,539	351,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(132,000)	(684,188)	(552,188)	(350,148)
Other financing sources				
Debt issued	1,440,000	1,437,205	(2,795)	_
Premium on debt issued	148,760	148,503	(257)	_
Total other financing sources	1,588,760	1,585,708	(3,052)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,456,760	901,520	\$ (555,240)	(350,148)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year				350,148
End of year		\$ 901,520		\$

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Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2021)

	Regular Debt Service	OPEB Debt Service	Tot	Totals	
	Account	Account	2022	2021	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 4,228,538	\$ 257,760	\$ 4,486,298	\$ 4,127,484	
Receivables					
Current taxes	3,048,773	177,621	3,226,394	3,296,138	
Delinquent taxes	85,066	5,642	90,708	148,942	
Due from other governmental units	3,258	17	3,275	3,095	
Total assets	\$ 7,365,635	\$ 441,040	\$ 7,806,675	\$ 7,575,659	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	\$ 62,492	\$ 4,307	\$ 66,799	\$ 76,365	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	6,244,831	363,824	6,608,655	6,646,981	
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,307,323	368,131	6,675,454	6,723,346	
Fund balances					
Restricted for debt service	1,058,312	72,909	1,131,221	852,313	
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 7,365,635	\$ 441,040	\$ 7,806,675	\$ 7,575,659	

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

			2022
			Actual
		Regular	OPEB
		Debt Service	Debt Service
	Budget	Account	Account
Revenue			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 6,402,993	\$ 6,244,209	\$ 360,771
Investment earnings	¢ 0,102,595 5,000	1,116	¢ 300,771 77
State sources	249,719	32,583	178
Total revenue	6,657,712	6,277,908	361,026
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal	4,575,000	4,005,000	285,000
Interest	2,153,703	1,980,588	86,558
Fiscal charges and other	2,375	5,200	475
Total expenditures	6,731,078	5,990,788	372,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenue			
over expenditures	(73,366)	287,120	(11,007)
Other financing sources			
Debt issued		2,795	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (73,366)	289,915	(11,007)
Fund balances			
Beginning of year		768,397	83,916
End of year		\$ 1,058,312	\$ 72,909

			 2021
 Total	01	ver (Under) Budget	 Actual
\$ 6,604,980 1,193 <u>32,761</u> 6,638,934	\$	201,987 (3,807) (216,958) (18,778)	\$ 6,362,524 8,634 30,946 6,402,104
 4,290,000 2,067,146 5,675 6,362,821		(285,000) (86,557) 3,300 (368,257)	 4,130,000 2,225,870 2,375 6,358,245
276,113		349,479	43,859
 2,795		2,795	 _
278,908	\$	352,274	43,859
 852,313			 808,454
\$ 1,131,221			\$ 852,313

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2021)

	Dental Medical Totals						
	Sel	f-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance	2022		2021
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	233,197	\$	2,541,544	\$ 2,774,741	\$	2,288,420
Receivables							
Accounts and interest		2,098		7,209	9,307		10,810
Total current assets		235,295		2,548,753	2,784,048		2,299,230
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable		17,543		645,761	663,304		455,468
Unearned revenue		24,380		371,072	395,452		383,379
Total current liabilities		41,923		1,016,833	 1,058,756		838,847
Net position							
Unrestricted	\$	193,372	\$	1,531,920	\$ 1,725,292	\$	1,460,383

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		Dental		Medical	To	otals	
	Self	-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance	2022		2021
Operating revenue Charges for services Assessed to governmental funds	\$	289,653	\$	4,572,585	\$ 4,862,238	\$	4,687,399
Operating expenses							
Dental benefit claims		291,244		_	291,244		264,781
Medical benefit claims	_	_		4,306,871	 4,306,871		3,866,263
Total operating expenses		291,244		4,306,871	 4,598,115		4,131,044
Operating income (loss)		(1,591)		265,714	264,123		556,355
Nonoperating revenue							
Investment earnings		80		706	786		4,050
Change in net position		(1,511)		266,420	 264,909		560,405
Net position							
Beginning of year		194,883		1,265,500	 1,460,383		899,978
End of year	\$	193,372	\$	1,531,920	\$ 1,725,292	\$	1,460,383

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	Dental Medical		 Totals				
	Sel	f-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance	 2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payments for dental claims Payments for medical claims	\$	288,937 (290,666) –	\$	4,586,877 (4,099,613)	\$ 4,875,814 (290,666) (4,099,613)	\$	4,703,379 (274,077) (4,015,942)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(1,729)		487,264	485,535		413,360
Cash flows from investing activities Interest on investments		80		706	 786		4,050
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,649)		487,970	486,321		417,410
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		234,846		2,053,574	 2,288,420		1,871,010
End of year	\$	233,197	\$	2,541,544	\$ 2,774,741	\$	2,288,420
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(1,591)	\$	265,714	\$ 264,123	\$	556,355
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts and interest receivable Accounts and contracts payable Unearned revenue		175 578 (891)		1,328 207,258 12,964	 1,503 207,836 12,073		(2,430) (158,975) 18,410
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(1,729)	\$	487,264	\$ 485,535	\$	413,360

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 278's (the District) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's ACFR relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's ACFR for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,653,770	\$ 7,393,374	\$ 7,868,907	\$ 8,753,841
Restricted	3,620,076	3,756,494	3,844,782	2,979,828
Unrestricted	4,678,806	5,257,977	(15,287,877)	(15,210,721)
Total governmental activities				
net position	\$ 15,952,652	\$ 16,407,845	\$ (3,574,188)	\$ (3,477,052)

- Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$21.0 million. Prior years were not restated.
- Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal 2017. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$5.2 million. Prior years were not restated.
- Note 3: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal 2020. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that increased unrestricted net position by approximately \$863 thousand. Prior years were not restated.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 6,534,251 4,065,675 (29,672,163)	\$ 7,778,439 3,560,209 (38,266,096)	\$ 9,268,412 3,223,874 (29,473,464)	\$ 13,126,922 3,272,665 (32,124,340)	\$ 14,642,963 3,592,808 (35,093,654)	\$ 16,858,664 4,180,193 (35,529,938)
\$ (19,072,237)	\$ (26,927,448)	\$ (16,981,178)	\$ (15,724,753)	\$ (16,857,883)	\$ (14,491,081)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities				
Expenses				
Administration	\$ 1,211,999	\$ 1,114,374	\$ 1,419,501	\$ 1,210,448
District support services	1,186,616	1,418,314	1,352,392	1,452,785
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	16,588,104	16,715,403	17,853,192	19,243,525
Vocational education instruction	232,415	241,330	252,752	266,949
Special education instruction	3,603,350	3,611,233	3,847,621	4,172,151
Instructional support services	1,132,586	2,296,955	1,947,093	2,170,518
Pupil support services	2,189,262	2,432,063	2,517,343	2,632,360
Sites and buildings	4,452,099	3,879,490	3,954,424	4,543,936
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	152,429	149,070	163,768	130,476
Food service	1,487,498	1,420,436	1,484,656	1,584,898
Community service	3,089,958	3,307,702	3,056,864	3,137,082
Interest and fiscal charges	2,457,007	2,381,304	2,298,810	2,205,783
Total governmental activities expenses	37,783,323	38,967,674	40,148,416	42,750,911
G	, ,		- , - , -	<i>y y</i> -
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
District support services	_	_	_	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	462,156	483,615	505,005	454,212
Instructional support services	84,612	86,742	95,393	94,186
Sites and buildings	45,320	32,450	41,627	54,161
Food service	1,178,931	1,115,473	1,154,225	1,185,196
Community service	2,751,209	2,982,439	2,732,277	2,792,652
Operating grants and contributions	4,327,106	4,633,326	4,910,953	5,026,723
Capital grants and contributions	· · · · –	_	_	_
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,849,334	9,334,045	9,439,480	9,607,130
G				-)
Net (expense) revenue	(28,933,989)	(29,633,629)	(30,708,936)	(33,143,781)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Property taxes	11,437,738	9,176,495	13,006,374	13,757,445
General grants and aids	16,715,745	19,720,708	17,755,988	18,724,777
Investment earnings and other	933,134	1,191,619	998,139	758,695
Total general revenues and other changes in				
net position	29,086,617	30,088,822	31,760,501	33,240,917
Change in net position	\$ 152,628	\$ 455,193	\$ 1,051,565	\$ 97,136

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 2,051,816	\$ 1,644,415	\$ 1,144,834	\$ 1,403,513	\$ 1,275,496	\$ 1,287,348
1,727,629	1,883,055	1,646,977	1,648,088	1,852,492	1,642,438
26,536,175	26,417,988	13,956,796	22,661,409	24,069,192	22,274,269
398,942	398,458	177,043	347,654	331,595	315,597
5,783,842	5,835,792	3,378,768	5,264,305	5,527,089	5,207,582
2,694,470	2,678,015	1,959,811	3,140,503	3,382,107	3,110,810
2,934,532	3,003,901	2,798,029	2,933,397	3,019,411	3,252,262
5,148,314	5,437,461	6,720,625	6,168,157	7,549,377	7,211,171
153,893	218,719	401,279	282,859	261,386	310,842
1,599,610	1,550,110	1,609,297	1,480,033	1,451,151	1,969,449
3,155,738	3,224,093	3,162,147	3,366,310	2,631,274	3,081,871
3,666,352	3,077,375	2,233,460	1,924,200	1,768,372	1,670,286
55,851,313	55,369,382	39,189,066	50,620,428	53,118,942	51,333,925
		14,272			
443,288	434,607	417,156	316,534	351,416	483,574
98,355	434,007 84,414	75,261	82,131	43,188	31,100
91,946	200,841	521,310	437,382	339,600	271,469
1,217,362	1,185,258	1,270,204	985,830	185,319	580,397
2,525,272	2,789,796	2,832,132	2,368,221	2,159,022	2,804,352
6,092,995	5,415,378	5,662,594	5,893,622	7,174,251	8,182,370
	-		1,112,400	281,000	
10,469,218	10,110,294	10,792,929	11,196,120	10,533,796	12,353,262
- 1 1 -	- , - , -		, , -	- , ,	,, -
(45,382,095)	(45,259,088)	(28,396,137)	(39,424,308)	(42,585,146)	(38,980,663)
14,859,066	16,538,863	17,410,629	18,123,809	18,831,741	18,986,320
19,186,103	19,324,330	19,144,727	20,455,376	22,038,701	21,443,639
945,725	1,540,684	1,787,051	1,238,508	581,574	917,506
34,990,894	37,403,877	38,342,407	39,817,693	41,452,016	41,347,465
\$(10.201.201)	¢ (7.955.011)	¢ 0.046.270	¢ 202.205	¢ (1 122 120)	¢ 2266 000
\$(10,391,201)	\$ (7,855,211)	\$ 9,946,270	\$ 393,385	\$ (1,133,130)	\$ 2,366,802

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Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Proper	rty Tax	
Fiscal Year	General Purposes	Community Service	Debt Service	Total
2013	\$ 6,994,866	\$ 280,086	\$ 4,162,786	\$ 11,437,738
2014	4,678,374	147,551	4,350,570	9,176,495
2015	8,271,967	266,886	4,467,521	13,006,374
2016	8,811,854	277,619	4,667,972	13,757,445
2017	9,730,224	270,784	4,585,058	14,586,066
2018	10,655,450	268,792	5,614,621	16,538,863
2019	11,064,867	279,156	6,066,606	17,410,629
2020	11,669,219	283,184	6,171,406	18,123,809
2021	12,176,370	301,550	6,353,821	18,831,741
2022	12,082,028	308,878	6,595,414	18,986,320

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 216,880	\$ 241,431	\$ 297,934	\$ 233,587
Restricted	2,798,031	2,682,295	2,453,121	1,669,709
Assigned	1,932,960	1,383,557	1,420,294	1,289,948
Unassigned	3,642,622	4,568,437	4,767,214	4,725,281
Total General Fund	\$ 8,590,493	\$ 8,875,720	\$ 8,938,563	\$ 7,918,525
All other governmental funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 27,005	\$ 38,918	\$ 35,421	\$ 37,822
Restricted	1,301,385	1,627,111	1,826,739	1,818,629
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,328,390	\$ 1,666,029	\$ 1,862,160	\$ 1,856,451
Total all governmental funds	\$ 9,918,883	\$ 10,541,749	\$ 10,800,723	\$ 9,774,976

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 568,630 1,805,594 903,865 4,935,360	\$ 270,511 1,953,557 651,831 5,812,592	\$ 225,691 1,918,520 1,130,600 6,098,956	\$ 201,063 2,582,045 1,258,883 5,522,578	\$ 603,343 2,617,404 1,280,879 3,510,032	\$ 238,308 2,112,326 796,041 1,748,696
\$ 8,213,449	\$ 8,688,491	\$ 9,373,767	\$ 9,564,569	\$ 8,011,658	\$ 4,895,371
\$ 25,244 66,575,361	\$ 46,997 16,817,658	\$ 28,731 3,264,222	\$ 58,342 1,808,797	\$ 39,309 1,757,574	\$ 29,083 3,716,951
\$ 66,600,605	\$ 16,864,655	\$ 3,292,953	\$ 1,867,139	\$ 1,796,883	\$ 3,746,034
\$ 74,814,054	\$ 25,553,146	\$ 12,666,720	\$ 11,431,708	\$ 9,808,541	\$ 8,641,405

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
D				
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 11 417 200	\$ 0.225.440	¢ 12.004.742	¢ 12 771 964
Property taxes	\$ 11,417,290 8,946	\$ 9,325,440 20.076	\$ 12,994,742	\$ 13,771,864 27,152
Investment earnings Other		20,976	18,875	37,152
State sources	5,446,123	5,871,288	5,507,722	5,301,775
Federal sources	20,111,316	23,389,076	21,632,879	22,849,359
	<u>931,535</u> 37,915,210	<u>964,958</u> 39,571,738	990,504 41,144,722	902,141 42,862,291
Total revenues	57,915,210	59,571,758	41,144,722	42,802,291
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,232,397	1,279,471	1,292,593	1,292,336
District support services	1,156,567	1,390,862	1,389,978	1,464,316
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	14,900,909	14,926,668	16,190,951	17,504,473
Vocational education instruction	232,415	241,330	256,702	268,482
Special education instruction	3,613,323	3,670,933	3,892,207	4,169,778
Instructional support services	1,126,459	2,291,844	1,956,114	2,166,451
Pupil support services	2,189,262	2,432,063	2,528,801	2,634,668
Sites and buildings	3,892,468	3,460,180	4,091,578	4,726,177
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	152,429	149,070	163,768	130,476
Food service	1,398,291	1,331,466	1,418,152	1,520,656
Community service	3,049,239	3,179,435	3,017,133	2,941,196
Capital outlay	71,252	108,731	39,522	253,428
Debt service				
Principal	1,881,440	2,080,038	2,319,616	2,579,414
Interest and fiscal charges	2,479,741	2,406,781	2,328,633	2,239,597
Total expenditures	37,376,192	38,948,872	40,885,748	43,891,448
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	539,018	622,866	258,974	(1,029,157)
experiatures	559,010	022,000	250,971	(1,02),107)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	2,713	-	-	3,410
Debt issued	-	-	-	-
Refunding debt issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	-
Financed purchases issued	-	-	-	_
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,713			3,410
Net change in fund balances	\$ 541,731	\$ 622,866	\$ 258,974	\$ (1,025,747)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	11.8%	11.4%	11.6%	11.3%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
5 14,862,494	\$ 16,476,583	\$ 17,370,790	\$ 18,063,642	\$ 18,836,566	\$ 19,026,382
238,884	707,479	575,422	262,130	34,621	6,334
5,082,564	5,527,204	6,334,523	5,147,528	3,621,853	5,080,778
23,472,665	23,888,544	25,303,879	25,459,123	25,870,635	26,412,688
913,924	860,304	841,851	880,248	3,285,828	3,364,020
44,570,531	47,460,114	50,426,465	49,812,671	51,649,503	53,890,202
1 211 624	1 408 662	1 448 004	1 280 225	1 412 240	1 241 017
1,311,624	1,408,662	1,448,004	1,280,235	1,413,349	1,341,917
1,645,753	1,822,054	1,742,369	1,601,987	1,841,898	1,680,112
17,599,749	18,155,931	18,727,494	19,655,478	20,868,620	22,063,752
271,638	283,104	288,572	324,158	309,948	330,820
4,342,829	4,436,551	4,615,399	5,049,917	5,272,650	5,439,144
2,207,738	2,255,018	2,434,834	3,027,103	3,344,117	3,207,638
2,207,738	2,737,127	3,033,796	2,887,476	2,973,843	3,299,446
4,461,292	6,344,981	5,696,569	6,963,976	6,572,924	6,202,945
153,893	218,719	401,279	282,859	261,386	310,842
1,510,636	1,489,003	1,551,564	1,446,787	1,411,624	1,937,695
2,810,283	3,015,234	3,263,556	3,224,353	2,586,044	3,138,045
1,384,838	15,352,154	15,547,052	905,169	388,788	670,954
2,854,443	3,356,843	3,997,044	4,243,796	4,662,490	4,797,012
3,356,288	4,114,072	2,739,097	2,529,077	2,301,973	2,226,019
46,533,246	64,989,453	65,486,629	53,422,371	54,209,654	56,646,341
	<i></i>				
(1,962,715)	(17,529,339)	(15,060,164)	(3,609,700)	(2,560,151)	(2,756,139)
275	10,931	_	7,315	_	_
30,240,000	-	1,900,000	_	_	1,440,000
36,450,000	_	2,990,000	1,543,142	_	_
6,161,518	-	110,336	-	-	148,503
	1,767,500	123,402	1,487,409	936,984	500
(5,850,000)	(33,510,000)	(2,950,000)	(1,526,218)		
67,001,793	(31,731,569)	2,173,738	1,511,648	936,984	1,589,003
65,039,078	\$ (49,260,908)	\$ (12,886,426)	\$ (2,098,052)	\$ (1,623,167)	\$ (1,167,136)
13.8%	15.7%	13.5%	13.4%	13.2%	12.8%
15.070	13.770	15.570	13.470	13.270	12.070

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Property Tax							
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Community Service Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total				
2013	\$ 6,985,415	\$ 279,437	\$ 4,152,438	\$ 11,417,290				
2014	4,771,862	151,188	4,402,390	9,325,440				
2015	8,264,484	266,720	4,463,538	12,994,742				
2016	8,820,421	278,040	4,673,403	13,771,864				
2017	9,735,050	270,784	4,856,660	14,862,494				
2018	10,616,722	267,866	5,591,995	16,476,583				
2019	11,035,340	278,578	6,056,872	17,370,790				
2020	11,632,385	282,388	6,148,869	18,063,642				
2021	12,172,044	301,998	6,362,524	18,836,566				
2022	12,112,049	309,353	6,604,980	19,026,382				

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Payable Year	(1) Real Estate Property	(2) Personal Property	Total Net Tax Capacity Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
2013	\$ 33,441,747	\$ 309,093	\$ 33,750,840	22.325 %	
2014	33,005,685	310,406	33,316,091	22.613	
2015	34,834,094	325,356	35,159,450	22.601	
2016	36,175,699	334,353	36,510,052	23.166	
2017	38,769,896	347,527	39,117,423	23.352	
2018	40,886,558	379,128	41,265,686	24.024	
2019	42,187,119	432,976	42,620,095	23.552	
2020	44,353,478	418,896	44,772,374	23.109	
2021	47,318,767	457,064	47,775,831	22.657	
2022	49,801,785	284,778	50,086,563	23.903	

- (1) Real estate property includes residential, agricultural, public utility, railroad operating property, all other commercial and industrial property, nonhomestead residential/multiple dwelling, and commercial and seasonal recreational property.
- (2) Personal property includes certain utility systems, railroad docks and wharves, certain manufactured homes, and flight property.
- Source: Hennepin County

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax	ISD No. 278 Certified Levies				Overlapping Rates (1)			
Collection Calendar Year	General Fund	Community Service	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct School Tax Rate (1)	City of Independence	City of Long Lake	City of Maple Plain	
2013	\$ 7,094,049	\$ 289,074	\$ 4,365,435	22.325	36.266	43.989	79.650	
2014	8,167,479	267,687	4,480,196	22.613	37.451	44.229	71.322	
2015	8,695,765	278,445	4,681,099	22.601	38.856	44.491	80.776	
2016	9,575,016	270,461	4,851,771	23.166	39.788	43.796	76.817	
2017	10,604,537	268,492	5,606,134	23.352	39.967	39.180	75.349	
2018	11,032,761	280,275	6,096,166	24.024	40.448	37.157	66.514	
2019	11,506,020	283,918	6,187,223	23.552	40.361	36.417	63.221	
2020	11,949,765	302,453	6,372,351	23.109	39.944	36.576	58.571	
2021	12,091,007	311,621	6,653,004	22.657	40.368	36.056	55.448	
2022	13,008,380	320,328	6,614,329	23.903	39.162	35.957	54.716	

- (1) Tax rates shown above are tax capacity rates only, and do not include tax rates for taxes that are spread on referendum market value.
- (2) Special districts include Metropolitan Mosquito Control District, Metropolitan Council, Metro Transit, Park Museum, Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority, and Hennepin Housing and Redevelopment Authority.
- (3) The total rate shown above is for property in the City of Orono.

Source: Data compiled by Ehlers from information provided by Hennepin County

City of Medina	City of Minnetonka Beach	City of Orono	City of Wayzata	Hennepin County	Three Rivers Park District	Other (2)	Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate (3)
24.639	27.467	17.667	26.020	49.461	4.054	6.035	99.5420
25.501	32.772	17.815	26.311	49.959	4.169	6.392	100.9480
23.577	26.798	17.387	25.705	46.398	3.789	5.996	96.1710
23.301	27.030	17.325	24.673	45.356	3.601	3.929	93.3770
22.270	25.948	16.759	23.352	44.087	3.365	5.929	93.4920
21.521	24.613	16.555	21.749	42.808	3.161	5.812	92.3600
21.529	24.710	16.406	21.672	41.861	2.961	5.589	90.3690
22.493	24.179	16.512	21.055	41.084	2.859	5.360	88.9240
22.468	22.621	16.780	20.644	38.210	2.793	5.020	85.4600
22.598	22.808	16.820	21.381	38.535	2.787	5.062	87.1070

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Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022			2013	
			Percentage	ge		Percentage
	Net Tax		of Tax	Net Tax		of Tax
Taxpayer	Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value	Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value
Brackett Point Property LLC	\$ 233,075	1	0.47 %	\$ -	_	- %
Private residence	¢ 255,675 176,500	2	0.35	ф 120,463	2	0.36
Private residence	170,988	3	0.33	120,403	2	0.30
	,			—	_	—
Metro Storage HHF Venture	149,490	4	0.30	_	_	_
Private residence	138,425	5	0.28	—	_	—
Private residence	127,663	6	0.25	-	—	-
WJM Properties	124,950	7	0.25	97,010	7	0.29
Private residence	121,438	8	0.24	97,550	6	0.29
Private residence	110,538	9	0.22	_	_	_
Private residence	105,600	10	0.21	_	_	_
Private residence	_	_	_	207,813	1	0.62
Private residence	_	_	_	105,653	3	0.31
Private residence	_	_	_	104,433	4	0.31
Private residence	_	_	_	100,838	5	0.30
Private residence	_	_	_	86,600	8	0.26
Private residence	_	_	_	86,410	9	0.26
Private residence		-		82,518	10	0.24
Total	\$ 1,458,667		2.91 %	\$ 1,089,288		3.23 %

Property Tax Levies, Collections, and Receivables Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year							Collected Within the First Year of Levy		
For Taxes Collectible	General Fund Basic Levy	Community Service Levy	Debt Service Levy	O	PEB Debt Levy	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collection	Percentage of Levy		
2013	\$ 7,094,049	\$ 289,074	\$ 3,913,769	\$	451,666	\$ 11,748,558	\$ 11,687,284	99.5 %		
2014	8,167,479	267,687	4,030,351		449,845	12,915,362	12,802,871	99.1		
2015	8,695,765	278,445	4,230,677		450,422	13,655,309	13,577,519	99.4		
2016	9,575,016	270,461	4,406,783		444,988	14,697,248	14,702,430	100.0		
2017	10,604,537	268,492	5,178,495		427,639	16,479,163	16,560,894	100.5		
2018	11,032,761	280,275	5,671,071		425,095	17,409,202	17,188,659	98.7		
2019	11,506,020	283,918	5,825,430		361,793	17,977,161	17,850,079	99.3		
2020	11,949,765	302,453	6,005,459		366,892	18,624,569	18,391,678	98.7		
2021	12,091,007	311,621	6,289,884		363,120	19,055,632	18,957,108	99.5		
2022	13,008,380	320,328	6,250,549		363,780	19,943,037	10,213,089	51.2		

Note 1: Collections include amounts collected through state paid tax credits, along with any net levy adjustments.

Note 2: Collections for the most recent year are first-half collections (through June 30) only.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

	llections in	Total Collect	ions to Date	Outstanding	
S	ubsequent	Total Tax	Percentage	Delinquent	
	Years	Collection	of Levy	Taxes	Percent
\$	61,274	\$ 11,748,558	100.0 %	\$ -	- %
	112,491	12,915,362	100.0	_	_
	77,790	13,655,309	100.0	_	_
	(5,182)	14,697,248	100.0	_	_
	(128,807)	16,432,087	99.7	47,076	0.3
	179,349	17,368,008	99.8	41,194	0.2
	90,497	17,940,576	99.8	36,585	0.2
	193,702	18,585,380	99.8	39,189	0.2
	_	18,957,108	99.5	98,524	0.5
	_	10,213,089	51.2		_
				\$ 262,568	

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Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	overnmental Activiti	es				
Fiscal Year	e		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita (3)		
2013	\$ 53,465,776	\$ 1,185,201	\$ 54,650,977	- %	\$ 4,406		
2014	51,487,405	1,090,163	52,577,568	_	4,239		
2015	49,274,034	990,547	50,264,581	_	4,053		
2016	46,805,663	886,133	47,691,796	_	3,845		
2017	110,611,483	776,690	111,388,173	_	8,902		
2018	73,420,755	2,377,347	75,798,102	_	6,086		
2019	71,225,159	2,278,705	73,503,864	_	5,687		
2020	66,879,555	3,394,242	70,273,797	_	5,521		
2021	62,258,951	3,798,736	66,057,687	_	5,058		
2022	59,056,243	3,291,724	62,347,967	_	4,774		

(1) Presented net of issuance premiums and discounts.

(2) Personal income information for residents living within the District is not available.

(3) See Demographic and Economic Statistics table for source of estimated population.

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Market Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds on Hand (2)	Net Bonded Debt	Market Value	Percent of Net Debt to Market Value	Estimated Population (3)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2013	\$ 53,465,776	\$ 513,373	\$ 52,952,403	\$2,978,858,100	1.78 %	12,403	\$ 4,269
2014	51,487,405	583,420	50,903,985	2,945,824,100	1.73	12,403	4,104
2015	49,274,034	554,213	48,719,821	3,100,033,300	1.57	12,403	3,928
2016	46,805,663	570,580	46,235,083	3,213,352,100	1.44	12,403	3,728
2017	110,611,483	35,966,895	74,644,588	3,422,899,200	2.18	12,513	5,965
2018	73,420,755	1,062,337	72,358,418	3,594,504,400	2.01	12,454	5,810
2019	71,225,159	867,576	70,357,583	3,684,163,400	1.91	12,926	5,443
2020	66,879,555	808,454	66,071,101	3,872,495,300	1.71	12,729	5,191
2021	62,258,951	852,313	61,406,638	4,111,074,400	1.49	13,059	4,702
2022	59,056,243	1,131,221	57,925,022	4,308,333,100	1.34	13,059	4,436

(1) Presented net of issuance premiums and discounts.

- (2) Includes all restricted fund balances in the Debt Service Fund. We believe this is the most accurate and consistent representation of the resources restricted for debt service as it includes crossover refunding bond proceeds held in escrow when applicable, which are not included in the governmental activities net position restricted for debt service, due to the conversion for full accual accounting.
- (3) See Demographic and Economic Statistics table for source of estimated population. Estimated population is not available for years prior to 2013.

Source: Annual school district census and U.S. Census

Direct and Overlapping Debt as of June 30, 2022

			Perce	nt			
		Debt	Allocab	Allocable to		Portion Allocable	
Governmental Unit	Ou	tstanding (1)	ISD No.	278	to	ISD No. 278	
Independent School District No. 278	\$ 55,565,000		10	0.00 %	\$	55,565,000	
Overlapping debt (2)							
Hennepin County		1,027,985,000		2.11	\$	21,716,627	
City of Independence		4,635,000	4	8.14		2,231,145	
City of Long Lake		1,995,000	10	0.00		1,995,000	
City of Maple Plain		7,385,000	10	0.00		7,385,000	
City of Medina		7,040,000	3	6.98		2,603,296	
City of the Village of Minnetonka Beach		3,145,000	10	0.00		3,145,000	
City of Orono		17,650,000	6	1.92		10,929,495	
City of Wayzata		14,765,000		0.48		70,748	
Metropolitan Council		218,520,000		0.95		2,075,007	
Three Rivers Park District		53,865,000		3.03		1,629,483	
Total overlapping debt						53,780,801	
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	109,345,801	

- (1) Does not include non-general obligation debt, self-supporting general obligation revenue debt, short-term general obligation debt, or general obligation tax/aid anticipation certificates.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable net tax capacity values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping entity's taxable net tax capacity value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable net tax capacity value.
- Source: Taxable value data used to estimate applicable percentages and debt outstanding data provided by the District's financial advisor, Ehlers & Associates.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt limit	\$ 446,828,715	\$ 441,873,615	\$ 465,004,995	\$ 482,002,815
Total debt applicable to the limit	52,952,403	50,903,985	48,719,821	46,235,083
Legal debt margin	\$ 393,876,312	\$ 390,969,630	\$ 416,285,174	\$ 435,767,732
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.85%	11.52%	10.48%	9.59%

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
\$ 513,434,880	\$ 539,175,660	\$ 552,624,510	\$ 580,874,295	\$ 616,661,160	\$ 591,816,186	
68,968,105	67,172,663	65,532,424	61,736,546	57,562,687	54,433,779	
\$ 444,466,775	\$ 472,002,997	\$ 487,092,086	\$ 519,137,749	\$ 559,098,473	\$ 537,382,407	
13.43%	12.46%	11.86%	10.63%	9.33%	9.20%	
		Legal	Debt Margin Calcul	ation for Fiscal Yea	r 2022	
		Market value			\$4,308,333,100	
		Debt limit (15% of	market value)		646,249,965	
		Debt applicable to				
		General obligation bonds, less debt service funds on hand 54,433,779				
		Legal debt margin \$ 591,816,186				

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	O	Orono School District					
Fiscal Year	Population (1)		Per Capita Personal Personal Income (2) Income (2)		School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (3)	
2013	12,403	\$	_	\$	_	2,762	4.6 %
2014	12,403		_		_	2,776	3.8
2015	12,403		_		_	2,779	3.3
2016	12,403		_		_	2,815	2.9
2017	12,513		_		_	2,811	3.7
2018	12,454		_		_	2,841	3.6
2019	12,926		_		_	2,877	3.3
2020	12,729		_		_	2,859	3.2
2021	13,059		_		_	2,844	4.2
2022	13,059		_		_	2,839	1.7

(1) District estimate.

(2) Personal income information for residents living within the District is not available.

(3) Official Metropolitan Council estimate.

Principal Employers Current Year and Five Years Ago (1)

	Fiscal Year						
		2022			2017		
			Percentage			Percentage	
			of Total (2)			of Total (2)	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Proto Labs, Inc.	500	1	26.60 %	500	1	29.82 %	
ISD No. 278	500	1	26.60	352	2	20.99	
ServiceMaster Co.	200	3	10.64	200	3	11.93	
Woodhill Country Club	150	4	7.98	50	9	2.98	
Herc-U-Lift, Inc.	120	5	6.38	120	4	7.16	
Jem Technical Inc.	100	6	5.32	_	_	_	
Lafayette Club	100	6	5.32	100	6	5.96	
Birchs on the Lake	100	6	5.32	_	_	_	
Haven Homes of Maple Plain	60	9	3.19	95	8	5.66	
Otten Brothers Nursery	50	10	2.66	100	6	5.96	
American Custom Rotomolding	_	-	_	110	5	6.56	
Maple Plain Food Center		-		50	9	2.98	
Total	1,880		100.00 %	1,677		100.00 %	
Total ISD No. 278 population (see the Schedule of Demographic and							
Economic Statistics)	13,059			12,513			
Percent of principal employers to total ISD No. 278 population	14.4%			13.4%			

(1) Information on principal employers is not available prior to 2017.

(2) Total employment within district boundary is not available. Percentage is of total employment for employers shown in table.

Source: City of Orono

Employees by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
Employees	2013	2014	2015	2016
Administrative staff	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Support service staff	126.0	126.0	126.0	129.0
Classroom teachers	160.2	161.8	160.3	160.0
Special education teachers	35.0	35.6	35.5	35.1
Total	344.2	346.4	344.8	347.1

Source: This information is derived from the Minnesota Department of Education STARS report (October 1)

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
23.5	23.0	24.0	23.0	24.0	24.0
130.0	130.0	136.0	140.0	126.0	142.0
165.0	175.0	178.0	180.0	178.0	180.0
35.3	35.0	35.0	35.0	36.0	36.0
353.8	363.0	373.0	378.0	364.0	382.0

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Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total				
Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Governmental Activities Expenses	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio
2013	2,762	\$ 37,783,323	\$ 13,680	0.3 %	195.2	14.1
2014	2,775	38,967,674	14,042	2.7	197.4	14.1
2015	2,780	40,148,416	14,442	2.8	195.8	14.2
2016	2,815	42,750,911	15,189	5.2	195.1	14.4
2017	2,811	55,851,313	19,871	30.8	200.3	14.0
2018	2,841	55,369,382	19,489	(1.9)	210.0	13.5
2019	2,877	39,189,066	13,622	(30.1)	213.0	13.5
2020	2,859	50,620,428	17,706	30.0	215.0	13.3
2021	2,844	53,118,942	18,678	5.5	214.0	13.3
2022	2,839	51,333,925	18,082	(3.2)	216.0	13.1

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Elementary Schools				
Orono Schuman Elementary (1956)				
Enrollment (1)	553	534	541	570
Square feet	89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764
Orono Intermediate (1950)				
Enrollment (1)	610	649	635	632
Square feet	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324
Middle School				
Orono Middle School (2000)				
Enrollment (1)	691	681	684	686
Square feet	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000
High School				
Orono High School (1967)				
Enrollment (1)	908	912	919	927
Square feet	186,444	186,444	186,444	186,444
Total enrollment	2,762	2,776	2,779	2,815
Total square feet	525,532	525,532	525,532	525,532
Athletics				
Football fields	3	3	3	3
Soccer fields	13	13	13	13
Running tracks	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball	6	6	6	6
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3

(1) Enrollment reflects average daily membership (ADM) served by site.

Source: Square footage, capacity, and athletic statistics are derived from district records. Enrollment was obtained from a combination of district records and school ADM reports available on the Minnesota Department of Education website.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
573	573	585	581	596	613
89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764
CO 2	(20)	(5)	(20)	C11	(00
608	630 127 224	658 127 224	629 127 224	611	609
127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324
698	697	698	701	699	697
122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000
932	941	936	948	938	920
186,444	186,444	281,145	281,145	281,145	281,145
2,811	2,841	2,877	2,859	2,844	2,839
525,532	525,532	621,828	620,233	620,233	620,233
4	4	3	3	3	3
13	13	12	12	12	12
15	13	2	2	2	2
-		4	4	4	2 4
6	6				
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3

Food Service School Lunch Program Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Program Adult Meals	Meals Served Students	Full Price Meals Served	Free Meals Served	Reduced-Price Meals Served
2013	8,911	254,590	223,974	23,454	7,162
2014	8,705	248,711	220,360	22,336	6,015
2015	9,920	276,849	249,649	20,087	7,113
2016	10,226	274,214	178,992	21,229	5,839
2017	11,363	272,340	245,425	18,396	8,519
2018	6,581	253,279	226,757	18,641	7,881
2019	6,897	251,511	226,793	16,451	8,267
2020	4,730	183,114	165,795	10,445	6,874
2021	1,073	254,668	_	254,668	_
2022	5,010	294,710	_	294,710	_
Year Ended			ent Regular Lunch Pri		
Year Ended June 30,		Stud Elementary	ent Regular Lunch Pri Middle	ices High School	
June 30,		Elementary	Middle	High School	
June 30, 2013		Elementary \$ 2.30	Middle \$ 2.40	High School \$ 2.55	
June 30, 2013 2014		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55	High School \$ 2.55 2.70	
June 30, 2013 2014 2015		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40 2.45	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55 2.60	High School \$ 2.55 2.70 2.75	
June 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40 2.45 2.50	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55 2.60 2.65 2.65	High School \$ 2.55 2.70 2.75 2.80	
June 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40 2.45 2.50 2.55	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55 2.60 2.65 2.70	High School \$ 2.55 2.70 2.75 2.80 2.85	
June 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40 2.45 2.50 2.55 2.65	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55 2.60 2.65 2.70 2.80 2.80	High School \$ 2.55 2.70 2.75 2.80 2.85 2.95 2.95	
June 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019		Elementary \$ 2.30 2.40 2.45 2.50 2.55 2.65 2.70	Middle \$ 2.40 2.55 2.60 2.65 2.70 2.80 2.85	High School \$ 2.55 2.70 2.75 2.80 2.85 2.95 3.00	

Note: In fiscal 2021 and 2022, all student meals served through the District's child nutrition program were reimbursed through pandemic-related federal awards.

Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Daily Membership (ADM)						_
Year Ended June 30,	Handicapped and Pre-Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Total Pupil Units
2013	18	156	1,197	1,391	2,762	3,224
2014	13	162	1,205	1,395	2,775	3,237
2015	18	151	1,224	1,387	2,780	3,057
2016	23	171	1,219	1,402	2,815	3,095
2017	25	151	1,235	1,400	2,811	3,091
2018	24	169	1,233	1,415	2,841	3,124
2019	24	177	1,263	1,413	2,877	3,160
2020	22	173	1,251	1,413	2,859	3,141
2021	47	167	1,216	1,414	2,844	3,127
2022	47	171	1,219	1,402	2,839	3,119

Note 1: Student enrollment for the latest fiscal year is estimated.

Note 2: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Kindergarten Half-Day/Full-Day	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2013 through 2014 Fiscal 2015	1.250	1.000	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2022	1.000	1.000	0.550/1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

Source: Minnesota Department of Education student reporting system

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